Neurosurgery

Specialty Overview

Overview

Neurosurgery encompasses the diagnosis, assessment and surgical management of disorders of the nervous system. The specialty developed in the first half of the twentieth century through the treatment of cranial trauma and intracranial mass lesions. Subsequent advances in microsurgical techniques, non-invasive imaging, neuro-anaesthesia, intensive care, image-guided surgery, and the introduction of sophisticated radio-oncological and interventional treatments have changed and widened the scope of neurosurgical practice. The <u>British Neurosurgical Training Programme</u> reflects developments taking place in the clinical neurosciences and the requirements of service delivery.

Neurosurgical Services

Neurosurgical services in the United Kingdom are provided from regional neuroscience centres serving populations of between 1 and 3.5 million. Most regional centres offer a comprehensive range of adult services. Rare and complex disorders are managed at a supra-regional level in units with specialist expertise.

Consultant Neurosurgical Practice

Newly appointed NHS consultants must be competent to manage unselected emergency and urgent admissions to a regional neurosurgical unit. They will be capable of taking full responsibility for the continuing care of patients in a neurosurgical unit. In particular they will be proficient in all aspects of the clinical and emergency operative management of patients presenting with the essential neurosurgical conditions.

They will have acquired the skills, knowledge and professional attributes to participate in the provision of specialist elective services with appropriate support and mentoring. They will have demonstrated the potential to lead a clinical team and to undertake increasingly advanced practice with post-CCT professional development in one or more of the special interest areas of neurosurgery. The major areas of special interest practice in neurosurgery are:

- Paediatric Neurosurgery
- Neuro-oncology
- Functional Neurosurgery
- Neurovascular Surgery
- Skull Base Surgery
- Spinal Surgery
- Traumatology

British Neurosurgical Training Programme

The Neurosurgical Training Programme reflects developments taking place in the basic and applied clinical neurosciences and the requirements of service delivery. It contains eight indicative years (ST1-ST8) in three stages. The first year of the initial stage establishes a foundation of core knowledge in the clinical neurosciences - core neuroscience training. The intermediate stage provides two years in fulltime general neurosurgical training (ST4 & 5). The final three-year stage (ST 6, 7 & 8) incorporates a year of special interest training.

The emphasis will change, as trainees progress through the programme, from acquiring core neuroscience knowledge and competencies in ST 1 to developing technical operative skills and surgical judgement in the final stage. Transition from the initial to intermediate neurosurgical training will depend on trainees acquiring the necessary clinical and operative competences, receiving satisfactory in-training assessments and passing an examination of essential knowledge in the basic and applied neurosciences, surgical science and clinical neurosurgery. The MRCS will be adapted to meet these requirements.

The transition from intermediate to final neurosurgical training will take place when trainees have achieved the appropriate clinical and operative competencies. They will be competent to manage a wide range of emergency neurosurgical presentations and will have demonstrated the ability to acquire microsurgical skills. Trainees whose clinical or professional skills are unsatisfactory will be referred for targeted training and will not start final training.

The acquisition of operative skills and experience will accelerate in the final phase of training. Units will concentrate advanced training in the hands of their senior trainees who will spend more of their time in the operating theatre with proportionately less commitment to ward management and general outpatient clinics.

The specialist interest year may be taken flexibly during final training. However, trainees will not start specialist interest training until their programme director is satisfied with their general neurosurgical training and their acquisition of microsurgical and advanced operative skill.

Academic Neurosurgical Training

The neurosurgical curriculum will accommodate a range of academic training pathways. The core neuroscience knowledge embodied in ST1 will provide an essential foundation for an academic career. ST 2 & 3 provide opportunities for specific training in areas relevant to a trainee's emerging academic interests e.g. patho-physiology applied to neuro-intensive care. The intermediate training stage will consolidate a trainee's clinical and operative competencies.

Full-time academic research or training fellowships to thesis level may be undertaken between the initial, intermediate and final training stages or flexibly within the final stage. The specialist interest year will usually form part of advanced training in the trainee's academic field of interest. Academic trainees will be expected to meet all of the essential competencies defined in the curriculum before award of a CCT in Neurosurgery.

Neurosurgical Services

Neurosurgical services in the United Kingdom are provided from regional neuroscience centres serving populations of between 1 and 3.5 million. Most regional centres offer a comprehensive range of adult services. Rare and complex disorders are managed at a supra-regional level in units with specialist expertise.

The Neurosurgical Workforce Plan envisages a UK-wide workforce of 325-350 WTE consultants by 2015 to meet the projected demands for service delivery and training. Neurosurgery has always been both a consultant-led and consultant-provided service. Fewer than 5% of trained neurosurgeons work in the SAS grades.

Emergency and urgent work accounts for more than 50% of neurosurgical caseload. Almost all neurosurgical consultants are involved in the delivery of emergency services and must therefore be competent to manage a wide range of adult conditions and to provide basic emergency paediatric care.

Specialist elective care is provided by neurosurgeons with special interest training, usually working in multi-disciplinary teams with colleagues in the clinical neurosciences, neurooncology, endocrinology and surgical disciplines including otolaryngology, maxillofacial, plastic and orthopaedic surgery. **Schedule of Essential Neurosurgical Conditions**

- Cranial trauma
- Spontaneous intracranial haemorrhage
- Hydrocephalus
- Intracranial tumours
- CNS infections
- Spinal trauma
- Benign intradural tumours
- Malignant spinal cord compression
- Degenerative spinal disorders
- Emergency paediatric care

Schedule of Essential Operative Competences is displayed in Key Topics

Special Interests

Paediatric Neurosurgery

Paediatric neurosurgery accounts for 10-15% of neurosurgical activity. Paediatric neurosurgical units are located in larger centres to ensure appropriate levels of activity and expertise. The discipline involves the management of developmental disorders of the neuroaxis including craniofacial anomalies and spinal dysraphism; all forms of hydrocephalus; intrinsic tumours of the brain and spine and a wide range of rarer pathologies. Paediatric neurosurgeons often contribute to the management of related disorders such as hydrocephalus, spinal dysraphism and epilepsy presenting in young adults.

Neuro-oncology

The management of malignant intrinsic tumours of the nervous system remains a major challenge. Gradual progress has followed the refinement of surgical techniques using radiological and functional guidance; improvements in adjuvant chemotherapy and radiotherapy; greater understanding of the molecular biology of CNS tumours and better organisation of oncology services. Further advances are likely to be based on advances in basic oncological science and the sophisticated delivery of intra-lesional therapies.

Functional Neurosurgery

Functional neurosurgery involves the surgical management of a wide range of neurological problems including intractable pain, epilepsy, spasticity and movement disorders. Traditional ablative surgery is being replaced by deep brain and spinal cord stimulation. Research into neuromodulation using gene therapy, biological vectors and pharmacological agents offers the prospect of effective treatment for neurodegenerative diseases and disabling psychiatric conditions.

Neurovascular Surgery

The advent of advanced endovascular techniques in the early 1990s has fundamentally changed the practice of neurovascular surgery. Most simple intracranial aneurysms are now managed by endovascular coiling such that aneurysm surgery is no longer part of general neurosurgical practice. Neurovascular surgeons work closely with their interventional colleagues dealing with complex aneurysms, vascular malformations and occlusive cerebrovascular disease.

Skull-base Surgery

Technical advances in microsurgery, surgical approaches and reconstructions have been incorporated into the routine practice of surgeons dealing with disorders of the skull-base including common tumours such as meningiomas, acoustic neuromas and pituitary adenomas. Skull-base surgery is often undertaken jointly with neuro-otological, plastic and maxillofacial surgeons. Adjuvant treatments with sophisticated radiosurgery and fractionated stereotactic radiotherapy have improved clinical outcomes for patients with skull-base tumours

Spinal Surgery

Spinal surgery is now the largest subspecialty in neurosurgery and accounts for more than 50% of the operative workload of some departments. Many departments offer a comprehensive service for primary and secondary spinal malignancy, spinal trauma, spinal pain and degenerative spinal disorders. A small number of neurosurgeons in the UK are exclusively spinal surgeons. The demand for spinal surgery grows steadily, particularly in the elderly population.

Traumatology

Head injury remains a major cause of death and disability in children and young adults. Recent research confirms that prompt neurosurgical intervention and neurointensive care lead to substantially better outcomes. British neurosurgeons with a special interest in head injury have made important contributions to head injury research and management.

Key Topics

To be eligible for the award of a CCT in Neurosurgery or to be considered for a Certificate of Eligibility for Specialist Registration trainees and applicants will be competent in all aspects of the clinical management of patients presenting with the <u>essential neurosurgical conditions.</u>

Trainees and applicants must be competent to undertake the full range of emergency and urgent operative procedures specified in the final training stage of the <u>schedule of essential</u> <u>operative competencies</u>. They must demonstrate sufficient operative experience to be able to undertake these procedures without supervision and to manage operative difficulties and complications (Competence level 4).

Essential Neurosurgical Conditions

- Cranial trauma
- Spontaneous intracranial haemorrhage
- Hydrocephalus
- Intracranial tumours
- CNS infections
- Spinal trauma
- Benign intradural tumours
- Malignant spinal cord compression
- Degenerative spinal disorders
- Emergency paediatric care

Schedule of Essential Operative Competences

Initial Stage

Initial Training Stage ST1 – ST3

During the initial training stage neurosurgical trainees will acquire a broad foundation of theoretical knowledge; clinical experience, skills and competence in:

- Basic and applied clinical neurosciences
- Basic neurosurgical care
- Neuro-intensive care
- Emergency (A&E) medicine
- Complementary surgical disciplines

On completion of initial neurosurgical training, trainees will be competent in all aspects of the assessment and initial clinical management of the major disorders of the nervous system specified in the core neuroscience syllabus.

They will be competent in the resuscitation, assessment, operative preparation and post-operative care of patients presenting with core neurosurgical conditions. They will be competent to undertake a range of basic procedures without direct supervision.

Core Neuroscience Training: ST1

The first year of the training programme will concentrate on core neuroscience training. During this year trainees will consolidate their knowledge and understanding of the applied neurosciences underpinning clinical practice.

See Core Neuroscience Knowledge

Management of Common Neurological Disorders

Trainees will be able to resuscitate when necessary; assess through a full neurological history and examination; establish a differential diagnosis; initiate and interpret investigations for patients presenting with a wide range of common neurological disorders. (See panel)

Clinical Placements and Teaching in ST1

Clinical placements for ST 1 neurosurgical trainees will include:

- One six-month full-time attachment in neurosurgery and one six-month attachment in an acute neurology service incorporating experience in clinical neurophysiology and neuro-rehabilitation or
- Four month attachments in neurosurgery, neurology and neuro-intensive care providing the same clinical experience as above.

Teaching for ST1 neurosurgical training will include:

- Regular exposure to neuroradiology and neuropathology through multi-disciplinary team meetings and case discussions.
- A core neuroscience teaching programme incorporating the core neuroscience subjects with an emphasis on the assessment and management of the common neurological presentations.

Initial Neurosurgical Training ST 2 & 3

During ST 2 & 3 trainees will concentrate on acquiring core surgical skills and knowledge, together with specific competencies in the non-operative and operative management of the core neurosurgical conditions.

Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge

• Physiology: including the physiology of homeostasis, thermoregulation, metabolic pathways, blood loss, sepsis,

fluid balance and fluid replacement therapy, metabolic abnormalities

- Pathology: including the pathology of inflammation, wound healing, cellular injury, vascular disorders, disorders of growth, differentiation, and morphogenesis, tumours, surgical immunology, surgical haematology
- Microbiology: including the microbiology of surgicallyimportant micro-organisms, sources of infection, asepsis and antisepsis, sterilisation, antibiotics and high risk patient management
- Basic surgical skills: including incision and suturing, tissue handling and retraction, haemostasis, knotting and ligature, surgical assistance and exposure
- Surgical care: including pre, intra and postoperative management; assessment and management of the multiply-injured patient, management of bleeding diatheses; prevention and treatment of thromboembolism; nutritional care; pain management and palliative care

Basic Clinical Neurosurgery

On completion of the initial training stage trainees will be competent in all aspects of the basic non-operative care of neurosurgical in-patients with particular reference to common neurosurgical presentations (see below). They will understand the importance of recognising and preventing secondary insults to the central nervous system. They will be capable of resuscitating, assessing and initiating the management of patients deteriorating as a result of intracranial and systemic complications. The will demonstrate sound judgement when seeking more senior support, prioritising medical interventions and escalating the level of medical care.

• Cranial trauma: including the resuscitation, assessment, investigation and continuing care of head-injured

patients; the prevention and detection of secondary intracranial and systemic insults; insertion of an intracranial pressure monitor; burrhole drainage of a chronic subdural haematoma;

- Spontaneous intracranial haemorrhage: including the resuscitation, assessment and investigation of patients suffering a subarachnoid haemorrhage; the management of post-haemorrhagic hydrocephalus; the detection and management of delayed cerebral ischaemia; the management of systemic complications; diagnostic lumbar puncture
- Hydrocephalus: in particular the management of hydrocephalus complicating intracranial haemorrhage, head injury and intracranial space-occupying lesions; insertion and taping of CSF reservoirs; insertion and maintenance of lumbar and external ventricular drains
- Intracranial tumours: including the assessment and perioperative management of patients with intracranial tumours; the detection and management of post-operative cerebral swelling, intracranial haematomas and intracranial sepsis; the management of post-operative seizures; the management of post-operative metabolic and endocrine disorders
- Acute spinal disorders: including the assessment and peri-operative management of patients presenting with spinal cord, cauda equina and spinal root compression: the management of spinal shock; the ward management of patients with spinal instability; the detection and initial management of postoperative complications including compressing haematomas, CSF fistula and spinal sepsis

Clinical Placements in ST2 & 3

The timing of clinical placements in ST2 & 3 is flexible and at the discretion of the programme director. The following principles apply:

- All trainees will undertake at least one full-time, six month placement in neurosurgery in ST2 & 3
- By the end of ST3 all trainees will have undertaken a minimum of twelve months' full-time training in basic neurosurgery
- Trainees will undertake one or more placements in complementary surgical disciplines up to a maximum of twelve months
- By the end of ST3 trainees will have obtained four months experience in an emergency department (A & E) receiving multiply-injured patients, head-injury patients of all severities and patients presenting with acute neurological disorders
- By the end of ST3 all trainees will have had direct involvement in the care of patients receiving neurointensive care. This may be obtained as part of an ST1 programme or through placements in ST 2 & 3

Click on <u>Workplace Based Assessments</u> to view the assessment forms including DOPS and PBAs

Topics

Topic	Embryology and maldevelopment
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Applied neuroanatomy
Objective	To understand basic neuroembryology and its relevance to clinical practice
Knowledge	4 Embryogenesis of the brain and spinal cord4 Embryogenesis of supporting structures - skull and vertebral column4 Common anatomical variations and developmental abnormalities
Clinical Skills	N/A
Technical Skills and Procedures	N/A
Professional Skills	Please see the Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial section for these skills

Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Applied neuroanatomy
Objective	To understand the anatomy of the skull
Knowledge	 4 Structure, blood supply, innervation, surface and three-dimensional relationships of the: - scalp - skull - meninges - orbit - cranial fossae - cranial foraminae - cranial nerves
Clinical Skills	N/A
Technical Skills and Procedures	N/A

Topic	Anatomy of the brain
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Applied neuroanatomy
Objective	To understand the structural anatomy of the brain
Knowledge	 4 Cortical topography 4 Projection and association tracts 4 Organisation of the basal ganglia 4 Structure, organisation and connections of the cerebellum, pons and brainstem 4 Cranial nerves and their relationships 4 Visual and auditory pathways 4 Ventricular system and choroid plexus 4 Subarachnoid space and cisterns 4 Circle of Willis and principle regional and segmental blood supply 4 Venous drainage and dural sinuses
Clinical Skills	N/A
Technical Skills and Procedures	N/A
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Sub-category:	Applied neuroanatomy
Objective	To understand the anatomy of the spine
Knowledge	 4 Structure, blood supply, innervation, surface and three-dimensional relationships of the: - vertebral column - spinal cord: ascending and descending tracts - spinal nerve roots - cauda equina
Clinical Skills	N/A
Technical Skills and Procedures	N/A
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Anatomy of the autonomic and peripheral nervous system
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Applied neuroanatomy
Objective	To understand the anatomy of the autonomic and peripheral nervous system
Knowledge	 4 Sympathetic and parasympathetic pathways 4 Visceral and pelvic innervation: control of sphincter function 4 Brachial plexus 4 Lumbosacral plexus 4 Course, distribution and innervation of the major peripheral nerves
Clinical Skills	N/A
Technical Skills and Procedures	N/A
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Functional neurophysiology
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Neurophysiology
Objective	To understand the functional organisation and integration of the central nervous system
Knowledge	 4 Structure and function of neurones and glial cells 4 Synaptic function, action potentials and axonal conduction 4 Higher cerebral functions 4 Sleep and coma 4 Memory and disorders of the limbic system 4 Control of motor function: ascending and descending pathways, basal ganglia and cerebellar function

	4 The special senses
	4 Functions of the autonomic nervous system
	4 Hypothalamic-pituitary function
lls	N/A

Clinical Skills N/A Technical Skills _{N/A}

and Procedures

Topic	Principles of clinical neurophysiology
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Neurophysiology
Objective	To understand the basic principles of clinical neurophysiology
Knowledge	 4 Principles of electroencephalography 4 Principles of somatosensory, motor and brainstem evoked potential monitoring 4 Peripheral neuropathies and entrapment neuropathies including: structure and function of peripheral nerves use of nerve conduction studies 4 Disorders of the neuromuscular junction including: structure and function of smooth and striated muscle use of electromyographic studies
Clinical Skills	3 Interpretation of the results of EEG, EMG and NC studies
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Pathophysiology of intracranial disorders
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Pathophysiology of intracranial disorders
Objective	To understand the pathophysiology of intracranial disorders
Knowledge	 4 Cerebral blood flow and metabolism 4 Cerebral autoregulation and vasospasm 4 Blood brain barrier and cerebral odema 4 Intracranial pressure dynamics 4 Cerebral ischaemia and neuroprotection 4 CSF hydrodynamics - production and absorption
Clinical Skills	N/A
Technical Skills and Procedures	N/A

Topic	Principles of neuropharmacology
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Neuropharmacology
Objective	To understand the principles of neuropharmacology
Knowledge	 4 Receptor and ion channel function 4 Neuropeptides and neurotransmitters 4 Principles of pharmacological neuroprotection 4 The pharmacology of anaesthetic agents, muscle relaxants, barbiturates, anticonvulsants and corticosteroids including: - mechanisms of action - pharmacodynamics - interactions
Clinical Skills	N/A
Technical Skills and Procedures	N/A
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Principles of neuropathology
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Neuropathology and Neuro-oncology
Objective	To understand the neuropathology of infection, inflammation, ischaemia, neoplasia and trauma affecting the nervous system
Knowledge	 4 Acute and chronic inflammatory processes in the CNS including demyelination 4 Bacterial, fungal and parasitic meningitis, encephalitis and abscess formation 4 Viral encephalitis 4 Slow viruses, CJD and vCJD 4 HIV associated infections, tumours and leucoencehalopathies 4 Cytopathology of neurones and glial in response to ischaemia, hypoxia and trauma 4 Diffuse axonal injury 4 Macroscopic brain and spinal cord injury including effects of brain shift, herniation and raised ICP 4 Classification, epidemiology and pathology of CNS tumours 4 Tumour biology, cell kinetics, tumour markers, immunocytochemistry
Clinical Skills	N/A
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified

Topic	Principles of neuroradiology
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Neuroradiology
Objective	<i>To understand the principles of neuroradiological imaging of the structure and function of the nervous system</i>
Knowledge	 4 Interpretation of plain radiographs of the skull and spine 4 Principles of computerised tomography of the brain, skull and spine 4 Interpretation of CT scans with particular reference to acute spinal disorders, cranial trauma, hydrocephalus, intracranial tumours and spontaneous intracranial haemorrhage 4 Principles of basic magnetic resonance imaging 4 Interpretation of MRI scans with particular reference to acute spinal disorders, cranial trauma, hydrocephalus and intracranial tumours 3 Principles of advance magnetic resonance imaging including fMRI, DWI and spectroscopy 3 Interpretation of angiographic images: CTA, MRA and DSA
Clinical Skills	N/A
Technical Skills and Procedures	N/A
Professional Skills	s Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Principles of neuropsychology
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Neuropsychology
Objective	To understand the principles of neuropschological assessment
Knowledge	3 The principles of neuropsychological assessment3 Common neuropsychological problems associated with head injury,subarachnoid haemorrhage, hydrocephalus, structural lesions of the frontal andtemporal lobes and disorders of the limbic system
Clinical Skills	3 Ability to undertake bed-side assessment of cognition and memory
Technical Skills and Procedures	None

Topic	Principles of neurological rehabilitation
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Neurological Rehabilitation
Objective	To understand the principles of neurological rehabilitation
Knowledge	3 The principles of neurological rehabilitation including strategies to optimise the recovery of cognition, communication, continence, selective movement, gait, self-care, psychological stability, social adjustment and employment
Clinical Skills	No content
Technical Skills and Procedures	No content
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Medical ethics
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Medical ethics
Objective	To understand the ethical issues that commonly arise in the management of patients with neurological disorders
Knowledge	 4 Criteria for the diagnosis of brainstem death 3 Diagnosis and management of persistent vegetative states 3 Prognosis in chronic progressive neurological disorders 3 Professional and statutory framework governing living directives and end-of-life decisions
Clinical Skills	3 Ability to empathise with and support patients and carers
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified

Topic	Principles of neurogenetics
Category	Core Neuroscience knowledge ST1
Sub-category:	Neurogenetics
Objective	<i>To understand the principles of neurogenetic studies and their relevance to clinical practice</i>
Knowledge	3 Inherited neurological disorders3 Genetic control of neural connectivity
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3 Inborn errors of metabolism3 Molecular genetics of CNS tumours

Clinical Skills N/A

Technical Skills and Procedures N/A

Topic	Impaired consciousness and non-traumatic coma
Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with impaired consciousness and non-traumatic coma
Knowledge	 4 The aetiology, pathophysiology and differential diagnosis of altered consciousness and coma due to: meningitis encephalitis intracranial haemorrhage acutely raised ICP hydrocephalus hypoxaemia and ischaemia cardiogenic shock hypoglycaemia epilepsy metabolic encephalopathies drugs and toxins
Clinical Skills Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Neurological assessment and initial resuscitation of patients in coma or with impaired consciousness 4 Indications for intubation and ventilation 4 Treatment of seizures 4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis 4 Planning and interpreting scans and other investigations 4 Presentation and summary of cases 4 Maintenance of airway 3 Endotracheal intubation
Professional Skills	4 Lumbar puncture S Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills
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Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with acute and chronic headache
Knowledge	 4 The aetiology and differential diagnosis of acute and chronic headache including headache associated with: benign headache syndromes migraine, cluster headache and related syndromes space occupying lesions meningitic disorders intracranial haemorrhage trigemminal neuralgia atypical craniofacial pain syndrome Indications for investigation including scanning, lumbar puncture and angiography
Clinical Skills	4 Neurological history taking Neurological examination Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis Planning investigation Interpretation of scans and other investigations Presentation and summary of cases
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Lumbar puncture

Topic	Weakness and paralysis
Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with weakness and paralysis
Knowledge	4 Common causes of ocular, cranial nerve, limb, trunk and respiratory muscle weakness
Clinical Skills	 4 Neurological history taking 4 Neurological examination 4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis 4 Planning investigation 4 Interpretation of scans and other investigations 4 Presentation and summary of cases
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified

Topic	Dizziness, unsteadiness and falls
Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with dizziness, unsteadiness and falls
Knowledge	4 Common causes of cerebellar, vestibular, extrapyrammidal and autonomic dysfunction
Clinical Skills	 4 Neurological history taking 4 Neurological examination 4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis 4 Planning investigation 4 Interpretation of scans and other investigations 4 Presentation and summary of cases
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Pain and sensory loss
Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with pain and sensory loss
Knowledge	4 Common causes of musculoskeletal, neurogenic and neuropathic pain and sensory loss
Clinical Skills	 4 Neurological history taking 4 Neurological examination 4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis 4 Planning investigation Interpretation of scans and other investigations 4 Presentation and summary of cases
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified

Topic	Hearing disorder
Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with hearing loss
Knowledge	4 Common causes of conductive and sensorineural hearing loss 3 Principles of audiological assessment
Clinical Skills	 4 Neurological history taking 4 Neurological examination 4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis 4 Planning investigation 4 Interpretation of scans 3 Interpretation of pure tone audiograms and auditory evoked potentials 4 Presentation and summary of cases
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified
Professional Skills	s Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Visual disorder
Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with visual disorders
Knowledge	4 Patterns of visual loss in relation to common bulbar, retrobulbar, sellar, parasellar and optic pathway disorders4 Analysis of diplopia and nystagmus in relation to common cranial nerve and brainstem disorders
Clinical Skills	 4 Neurological history taking 4 Neurological examination 4 Use of computerised visual field assessment 4 Detailed fundoscopy 4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis 4 Planning investigation 4 Interpretation of scans and other investigations 4 Presentation and summary of cases
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified

Topic	Language and speech disturbance
Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with disturbances of language and speech
Knowledge	 4 Classification, causes and presentations of dysphasias, speech dyspraxia and dyslexia 4 Classification, causes and presentations of dysarthria 2 Role of speech and language therapists in assessment and treatment
Clinical Skills	 4 Neurological history taking 4 Neurological examination with assessment of dysphasia and dysarthria 4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis 4 Planning investigation 4 Interpretation of scans and other investigations 4 Presentation and summary of cases
Technical Skills and Procedures	No content

Topic	Swallowing disorders	
Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1	
Sub-category:	None	
Objective	Objective To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with swallowing disorders	
Knowledge	4 Neurological causes of dysphagia 2 Indications for laryngoscopy, videofluoroscopy, nasogastric and percutaneous gastric feeding	
Clinical Skills	 4 Neurological history taking 4 Neurological examination 4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis 4 Planning investigation 4 Interpretation of scans and other investigations 4 Presentation and summary of cases 	
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified	

Sub-category:	None		
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with sphincteric disorders		
Knowledge	4 Common causes of sphincteric and sexual dysfunction 2 Interpretation of urodynamic studies		
Clinical Skills	4 Neurological history taking4 Neurological examination4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis4 Planning investigation4 Interpretation of scans and other investigations4 Presentation and summary of cases		
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified		
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills		

Topic	Movement disorder	
Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1	
Sub-category:	None	
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with movement disorders	
Knowledge	 4 Parkinson's disease 4 Iatrogenic movement disorders 2 Dystonic syndromes 2 Choreiform syndromes 	
Clinical Skills	 4 Neurological history taking 4 Neurological examination 4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis 4 Planning investigation 4 Interpretation of scans and other investigations 4 Presentation and summary of cases 	
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified	

Topic	Memory and cognitive disorders	
Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1	
Sub-category:	None	
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with disorders of memory and cognition	

Knowledge	4 Disorders of memory and cognition associated with head injury, subarachnoid haemorrhage, hydrocephalus, structural lesions of the frontal and temporal lobes and disorders of the limbic system
Clinical Skills	 4 Neurological history taking 4 Neurological examination 4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis 4 Planning investigation 4 Interpretation of scans and other investigations 4 Presentation and summary of cases
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified

Topic	Behavioural disorders	
Category	Management of Common Neurological Conditions ST1	
Sub-category:	None	
Objective	To understand the aetiology, differential diagnosis, investigation and initial management of patients presenting with behavioural disorders	
Knowledge	4 The common acute and chronic presentations of organic and psychiatric behavioural disorders relating to alcohol and drug abuse, encephalitis, organic dementia, and psychosis	
Clinical Skills	 4 Neurological history taking 4 Neurological examination 4 Establishing a neurological differential diagnosis 4 Planning investigation 4 Interpretation of scans and other investigations 4 Presentation and summary of cases 	
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified	

Topic	Basic sciences			
Category	Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3)			
Sub-category:	None			
	Underpinning basic science knowledge appropriate for the practice of surgery.			
Objective	Applied anatomy: Knowledge of anatomy appropriate for surgery			
	Physiology: Knowledge of physiology relevant to surgical practice			

Pathology: Knowledge of pathological principles underlying system specific pathology

Microbiology: Knowledge of microbiology relevant to surgical practice

Radiology: Knowledge of diagnostic and interventional radiology Applied anatomy:

4 Development, organs and structures, surface and imaging anatomy of thorax, abdomen, pelvis, perineum, limbs, neck as appropriate for surgical operations

Physiology:

4 Homeostasis 3 Thermoregulation 3 Metabolic pathways 4 Blood loss 4 Sepsis 4 Fluid balance and fluid replacement therapy 3 Metabolic abnormalities Pathology: 4 Inflammation 4 Wound healing **Knowledge** 4 Cellular injury 4 Vascular disorders 4 Disorders of growth, differentiation and morphogenesis 4 Tumours 3 Surgical immunology 3 Surgical haematology Microbiology: 4 Surgically important microorganisms 4 Sources of infection 4 Asepsis and antisepsis 4 Sterilisation 4 Antibiotics 4 High risk patient management Radiology: 3 Principles of diagnostic and interventional radiology **Clinical Skills** No content **Technical Skills** No content and Procedures

Topic	Basic surgical skills		
Category	Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3)		
Sub-category:	None		
	Acquisition of basic surgical skills in instrument and tissue handling.		
	Incision of skin and subcutaneous tissue: Ability to incise superficial tissues accurately with suitable instruments.		
	<i>Closure of skin and subcutaneous tissue: Ability to close superficial tissues accurately.</i>		
	Knot tying: Ability to tie secure knots.		
Objective	Haemostasis: Ability to achieve haemostasis of superficial vessels.		
	Tissue retraction: Use of suitable methods of retraction.		
	Use of drains: Knowledge of when to use a drain and which to choose.		
	Tissue handling: Ability to handle tissues gently with appropriate instruments.		
	Skill as assistant: Ability to assist helpfully, even when the operation is not familiar.		
	Incision of skin and subcutaneous tissue:		
	 4 Langer's lines 4 Healing mechanism 4 Choice of instrument 4 Safe practice 4 Basic Surgical Skills course 		
	Closure of skin and subcutaneous tissue:		
Knowledge	4 Options for closure4 Suture and needle choice4 Safe practice		
	Knot tying:		
	4 Choice of material		
	Haemostasis:		
	4 Techniques		
	Tissue retraction:		

4	Choice	of	instruments
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Use of drains:

4 Indications 4 Types 4 Management/removal Tissue handling: 4 Choice of instruments Incision of skin and subcutaneous tissue: 4 Ability to use scalpel, diathermy and scissors Closure of skin and subcutaneous tissue: 4 Accurate and tension free apposition of wound edges Knot tying: 4 Single handed 4 Double handed 4 Instrument 4 Superficial 4 Deep Haemostasis: 4 Control of bleeding vessel (superficial) 4 Diathermy 4 Suture ligation **Clinical Skills** 4 Tie ligation 4 Clip application Tissue retraction: 4 Tissue forceps 4 Placement of wound retractors Use of drains:

- 4 Insertion
- 4 Fixation
- 4 Removal

Tissue handling:

4 Appropriate application of instruments and respect for tissues

Skill as assistant:

4 Anticipation of needs of surgeon when assisting

Technical Skills and Procedures No content

Professional Skills Please see the Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial section for these skills

Topic	The assessment and management of the surgical patient		
Category	Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3)		
Sub-category:	None		
Objective	Ability to assess the patient and manage the patient, and propose surgical or non-surgical management.		
Knowledge	No content		
Clinical Skills	 3 Surgical history and examination (elective and emergency) 3 Construct a differential diagnosis 3 Plan investigations 3 Clinical decision making 3 Case work up and evaluation; risk management 3 Active participation in MDTs 3 Taking consent for intermediate level intervention; emergency and elective 3 Written clinical communication skills 3 Interactive clinical communication skills: patients 3 Interactive clinical communication skills: colleagues 		
Technical Skills and Procedures	No content		

Торіс	Peri-operative care	
Category	Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3)	
Sub-category:	None	
	Ability to manage patient care in the peri-operative period.	
	Pre-operative assessment and management: Ability to assess the patient adequately prior to operation and manage any pre-operative problems appropriately.	
Objective	Intraoperative care: Ability to conduct safe surgery in the operating theatre environment.	
	Post-operative care: Ability to care for the patient in the post-operative period.	
	Blood Products: Appropriate use of blood products.	

Antibiotics: Appropriate use of antibiotics.

Pre-operative assessment and management:

- 4 Cardiorespiratory physiology
- 3 Diabetes mellitus
- 3 Renal failure
- 4 Pathophysiology of blood loss
- 4 Pathophysiology of sepsis
- 4 Risk factors for surgery and scoring systems
- 3 Principles of day surgery

Intraoperative care:

- 4 Safety in theatre
- 4 Sharps safety
- 4 Diathermy, laser use
- 4 Infection risks
- 3 Radiation use and risks
- 4 Tourniquets
- 3 Principles of local, regional and general anaesthesia

Knowledge Post-operative care:

- 4 Cardiorespiratory physiology 3 Diabetes mellitus 3 Renal failure 4 Pathophysiology of blood loss 4 Pathophysiology of sepsis 4 Complications specific to particular operation 2 Critical care **Blood Products:** 4 Components of blood 4 Alternatives to use of blood products Antibiotics: 4 Common pathogens in surgical patients 4 Antibiotic sensitivities 4 Antibiotic side-effects 4 Principles of prophylaxis and treatment Pre-operative assessment and management: 4 History and examination
 - 4 Interpretation of pre-operative investigations
 - 3 Management of comorbidity
- Clinical Skills 4 Resuscitation

Intraoperative care:

4 Safe conduct of intraoperative care

Post-operative care:

- 4 Assessment of patient's condition
- 4 Post-operative analgesia
- 4 Fluid and electrolyte management
- 4 Monitoring of post-operative patient
- 4 Detection of impending organ failure
- 4 Initial management of organ failure
- 4 Use of MDT meetings

Blood Products:

- 4 Appropriate use of blood products
- 4 Management of the complications of blood product transfusion

Antibiotics:

4 Appropriate prescription of antibiotics

Technical Skills and Procedures

No content

Professional Skills Please see the Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial section for these skills

Topic	Assessment of multiply injured patients including children
Category	Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3)
Sub-category:	None
Objective	Safely assess the multiply injured patient.
Knowledge	3 Anatomy3 Pathogenesis of shock1 Differences In Children
Clinical Skills	 4 History and examination 3 Investigation 4 Resuscitation and early management according to ATLS and APLS guidelines 3 Referral to appropriate surgical subspecialties
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Central venous line insertion3 Chest drain insertion2 Diagnostic peritoneal lavage
D	Discourse the Desferring of Claims and Daharing . Initial section for the

Category Sub-category:	Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3) None Understand, Recognise and Manage bleeding diathesis in the surgical patient.
Objective	Diagnosis: Diagnose possible bleeding diathesis in the surgical patient.
Knowledge Clinical Skills	<i>Treatment: Manage bleeding diathesis in the surgical patient.</i> Diagnosis:
	3 Mechanism of haemostasis 3 Pathology of impaired haemostasis e.g. haemophilia, liver disease, massive haemorrhage
	Treatment:
	3 Understands use of blood products Diagnosis:
	4 Recognition of conditions likely to lead to the diathesis 3 Recognition of abnormal bleeding during surgery
	Treatment:
	3 Avoidance by correct surgical techniques3 Corrective measures, e.g. warming, packing
Technical Skills and Procedures	No content
Professional Skills	Please see the Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial section for these skills

Professional Skills Please see the	Professional Skills and Behaviour	<u>» Initial</u> section for these skills
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Topic Category	Venous thrombosis + embolism Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3)
Sub-category:	None
	Understanding of practice in the prevention and management of Venous thrombosis and Embolism.
	Coagulation: Understanding of the physiology and pathophysiology of coagulation.
Objective	Diagnosis: Able to arrange basic investigation of patients with suspected venous thrombosis and embolism.
	Treatment: Ability to initiate treatment of venous thrombosis and embolism.
	Prophylaxis: Use of common methods of prophylaxis against venous thrombosis and embolism.
Knowledge	Coagulation:

	2 Clotting mechanism (Virchow Triad)2 Effect of surgery and trauma on coagulation2 Tests for thrombophilia and other disorders of coagulation
	Diagnosis:
	2 Methods of investigation for suspected thromboembolic disease
	Treatment:
	4 Anticoagulation, heparin and warfarin 2 Role of V/Q scanning, CT angiography and thrombolysis 2 Place of pulmonary embolectomy
	Prophylaxis:
	3 Knowledge of methods of prevention, mechanical and pharmacological Coagulation:
	4 Recognition of patients at risk
	Diagnosis:
	3 Awareness of symptoms and signs associated with pulmonary embolism and
Clinical Skills	DVT 2 Role of duplex scanning, venography and d-dimer measurement
	Treatment:
	3 Initiate and monitor treatment
	Prophylaxis:
	4 Awareness at all times of the importance of prophylaxis
Technical Skills and Procedures	No content
Professional Skills	Please see the Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial section for these skills

Professional Skills Please see the Profess	onal Skills and Behaviour » Initial section for these skills
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Topic	Nutrition
Category	Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3)
Sub-category:	None
Objective	<i>Recognise the need for artificial nutritional support and arrange enteral nutrition.</i>
Knowledge	3 Effects of malnutrition, both excess and depletion3 Methods of screening and assessment

Clinical Skills	 3 Arrange access to suitable artificial nutritional support, preferably via a nutrition team: Dietary supplements 2 Arrange access to suitable artificial nutritional support, preferably via a nutrition team: Enteral nutrition 1 Arrange access to suitable artificial nutritional support, preferably via a nutrition team: Parenteral nutrition
Technical Skills	

and Procedures No content

Topic	Academic activity
Category	Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3)
Sub-category:	None
	An introduction to research methodology and to teaching others.
Objective	Research: Ability to perform a simple research study and present the results.
	Teaching: Ability to teach small groups such as medical students.
	Research:
	2 Descerab methodology
Knowledge	2 Research methodology
0	Teaching:
	2 Teaching methods
	Research:
	_
Clinical Skills	2 Ability to analyse published evidence
	Teaching:
	3 Ability to teach small groups
Technical Skills	No content
and Procedures	
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Management of the dying patient
Category	Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3)
Sub-category:	None
Objective	Ability to manage the dying patient appropriately.

	Palliative Care: Good management of the dying patient in consultation with the palliative care team.
	Principles of organ donation: Knowledge of the principles of organ donation. Palliative Care:
Knowledge	3 Care of the terminally ill4 Analgesia3 Antiemetics3 Laxatives
	Principles of organ donation:
	3 Circumstances in which consideration of organ donation is appropriate 3 Principles of brain death
	3 Understanding the role of the coroner and the certification of death Palliative Care:
Clinical Skills	3 Symptom control in the terminally ill patient
Technical Skills and Procedures	No content
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Endocrine and metabolic disorders
Category	Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3)
Sub-category:	None
Objective	 To identify, investigate and manage surgical patients with common metabolic disorders To identify, investigate and manage surgical patients with Thyrotoxicosis To identify, investigate and manage surgical patients with Hypothyroidism To identify, investigate and manage surgical patients with Hypercalcaemia Knowledge of the significance of corticosteroid therapy in patient care To identify, investigate and manage surgical patients with diabetes mellitus To identify, investigate and manage surgical patients with Hyponatraemia
Knowledge	Thyrotoxicosis 4 Pathophysiology of thyroid hormone excess and associated risks from surgery Hypothyroidism 4 Pathophysiology of thyroid hormone deficiency and associated risks from surgery Hypercalcaemia 3 Causes and effects of hypercalcaemia

	Cortico-steroid therapy 4 Complications 4 Steroid insufficiency
	Diabetes Mellitus 4 Complications
	Hyponatraemia 4 Pathophysiology of fluid and electrolyte balance 4 Causes of hyponatraemia
	Thyrotoxicosis 4 History and examination 3 Investigation of thyrotoxicosis
	Hypothyroidism 4 History and examination 4 Investigation
Clinical Skills	Hypercalcaemia 3 Investigation of hypercalcaemia 3 Treatment of hypercalcaemia
	Cortico-steroid therapy 4 Peri-operative management of patients on steroid therapy
	Diabetes Mellitus 4 Peri-operative management of diabetic patients
	Hyponatraemia 4 Treatment
Technical Skills and Procedures	No content

Topic Category	Child Protection Core Surgical Skills and Knowledge for All Specialties (ST2 and ST3)
0.	None
Sub-category:	INOIIC
Objective	No content
Knowledge	 4 Working knowledge of trust and Local Safeguarding Children Boards (LSCBs) Child Protection Procedures 4 Basic understanding of child protection law 4 Understanding of Children's rights 4 Working knowledge of types and categories of child maltreatment, presentations, signs and other features (primarily physical, emotional, sexual, neglect, professional) 4 Understanding of one personal role, responsibilities and appropriate referral

	patterns in child protection 4 Understanding of the challenges of working in partnership with children and families
	Ability to:
	4 Recognise the possibility of abuse or maltreatment
	4 Recognise limitations of own knowledge and experience and seek appropriate
	expert advice
Clinical Skills	4 Urgently consult immediate senior in surgery to enable referral to
	paediatricians
	4 Keep appropriate written documentation relating to child protection matters
	4 Communicate effectively with those involved with child protection, including
	children and their families
Technical Skills and Procedures	No content

Topic	General management of the head injured patient
Category	Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Cranial Trauma
Objective	To achieve competence in the general management of head-injured patients
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of head injury and of multiple trauma including an understanding of: Cerebral perfusion and oxygenation Raised intracranial pressure Impaired intracranial compliance Intracranial herniation 4 Medical management of acutely raised intracranial pressure 4 Indications for operation intervention including the use of pressure monitoring 4 Principles, diagnosis and confirmation of brain death 4 Principles of intensive care of head injured patients 4 Principles of spinal stabilisation and radiological assessment in head injured patients 3 Natural history of recovery from head injury including neurological, cognitive and behavioural disability and post- traumatic epilepsy 2 Role of neurological rehabilitation
Clinical Skills	 4 Clinical assessment of the multiply-injured patient. 4 Neurological assessment of the head-injured patient including: - Assessment and categorisation of impaired consciousness - Recognition and interpretation of focal neurological deficits 4 Prioritisation of clinical risk 3 Interpretation of CT scans and plain radiology
Technical Skills and Procedures	No procedures specified
Professional Skills	Please see the Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial section for these skills

Topic	Insertion of ICP monitor
Category	Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Cranial Trauma
Objective	To achieve competence in the insertion of subdural and intraparenchymal ICP monitors
Knowledge	4 Indications for ICP monitoring4 Applied anatomy of the skull vault4 Calibration, zeroing and interpretation of ICP traces4 Potential complications of the procedure
Clinical Skills	Non specified
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Insertion of frontal subdural and intraparenchymal ICP monitors using a standard frontal burr hole and/or twist drill craniostomy.
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic Category	Burr hole evacuation of chronic subdural haematoma Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Cranial Trauma
Objective	<i>To achieve competence in burr hole evacuation of chronic subdural haematomas</i>
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of chronic subdural haematomas 4 Applied anatomy of the skull vault and subdural space 4 Indications for surgery 4 Surgical options 4 Complications of surgery 4 Management of anti-platelet and anti-coagulant medication
Clinical Skills	 4 Neurological assessment of patients with a CSDH 3 Interpretation of CT scans 4 Obtaining informed consent 4 Post-operative assessment and management
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Performance of single and multiple frontal and parietal burrhole evacuation of CSDHs

Category	Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Cranial Trauma
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of cranial soft tissue trauma
Knowledge	4 Anatomy and blood supply of the scalp4 Indications for primary and secondary closure of wounds4 Indications for antibiotic prophylaxis
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment of tissue perfusion and viability
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Wound exploration under local and general anaesthesia 3 Wound debridement 4 Arrest of scalp haemorrhage 4 Layered closure of the scalp without tension 3 Suturing technique 4 Wound drainage and head bandaging

Topic	General management of subarachnoid haemorrhage
Category	Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Spontaneous Intracranial haemorrage
Objective	<i>To achieve competence in the general management of subarachnoid haemorrhage (SAH)</i>
Knowledge	 4 Aetiology of SAH 4 Pathophysiology of SAH 4 WFNS grading of SAH 4 Principles of resuscitation and timing of interventions. 4 Indications for CT scanning, diagnostic lumbar puncture, CT angiography and digital subtraction angiography. 4 Principles of management of post-haemorrhagic hydrocephalus 4 Indications for endovascular and surgical intervention
Clinical Skills	3 Interpretation of CT scans including assessment of intracranial blood load, haematomas and hydrocephalus3 Basic interpretation of cerebral angiography
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Lumbar puncture
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Diagnostic lumbar puncture
Category	Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Spontaneous Intracranial haemorrage
Objective	To understand the indications for diagnostic lumbar puncture

	To undertake an atraumatic lumbar puncture
Knowledge	4 Indications for diagnostic lumbar puncture4 Interpretation of basic microscopy and biochemistry3 Principles of spectrophotometry
Clinical Skills	None specified
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Lumbar puncture
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Topic	Management of delayed secondary ischaemia
Category	Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Spontaneous Intracranial haemorrage
Objective	To recognise and manage delayed cerebral ischaemia following subarachnoid haemorrhage
Knowledge	4 Pathophysiology of delayed cerebral ischaemia including the impact of secondary insults4 Principles governing the augmentation of cerebral blood flow
Clinical Skills	 4 Assessment of a deteriorating patient 4 Recognition and management of secondary insults 4 Interpretation of CT scans 3 Management of hypervolaemic hypertension
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Insertion of central venous catheter3 Insertion of lumbar drain3 Insertion of external ventricular drain

Topic	Management of post-haemorrhagic hydrocephalus
Category	Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Spontaneous Intracranial haemorrage
Objective	<i>To achieve competence in the management of post-haemorrhagic hydrocephalus</i>
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of hydrocephalus 4 Indications for external ventricular drainage and lumbar subarachnoid drainage 4 Applied anatomy of the skull vault, subdural space and ventricular system 4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment of the unconscious and deteriorating SAH patient 3 Interpretation of CT scans
Technical Skills	4 Insertion of lumbar drain

and Procedures 3 Insertion of external ventricular drain

Professional Skills Please see the Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial section for these skills

Topic	Adult hydrocephalus
Category	Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Hydrocephalus
Objective	The management of hydrocephalus complicating intracranial haemorrhage, head injury and intracranial space occupying lesions; insertion and taping of CSF reservoirs; insertion and maintenance of lumbar and ventricular drains
Knowledge	The pathophysiology of CSF circulation Applied surgical anatomy of the ventricular system Indications for external ventricular drainage, ventriculoperitoneal shunting, lumbar CSF drainage and shunting, ventriculo-cisternostomy Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	None
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Insertion of ventricular drain/access device2 Insertion of VP shunt1 Revision of VP shunt

Торіс	Assessment and peri-operative management of patients with space- occupying intracranial tumours
Category	Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Intracranial tumours
Objective	To achieve competence in the assessment and peri-operative management of patients with intracranial tumours
Knowledge	 3 The neuropathology of primary and secondary intracranial tumours including: - classification - epidemiology - natural history 4 Clinical presentations of intracranial tumours 4 Indications for neuroimaging 4 Management of raised intracranial pressure 3 Principles of operative management 4 Detection and management of post-operative complications
Clinical Skills	4 Neurological history taking and examination 4 Basic interpretation of CT and MRI scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified

Topic	Image-guided biopsy of intracranial tumour
Category	Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Intracranial tumours
Objective	To undertake image-guided biopsy of an intracranial tumour under supervision
Knowledge	4 Indications for biopsy of intracranial tumours4 Risks of biopsy4 Principles of image-guided surgery
Clinical Skills	3 Interpretation of CT and MRI scans and selection of biopsy targets
Technical Skills and Procedures	 3 Image-guided frameless and/or frame-based stereotactic biopsy including: - Setting up a computer workstation and importing and interrogating image data - Positioning the patient and applying a cranial fixator - Obtaining and confirming accurate patient registration - Positioning and performing a suitable burr hole - Passage of biopsy probe and biopsy - Preparation of smear histology (when available)

Topic	Acute Spinal Disorders
Category	Basic Clinical Neurosurgery ST2 & ST3
Sub-category:	Acute Spinal Disorders
Objective	To achieve competence in the peri-operative management of patients presenting with acute spinal disorders
Knowledge	 4 The assessment and peri-operative management of patients presenting with spinal cord, cauda equina and spinal root compression 4 The management of spinal shock 4 The ward management of patients with spinal instability 4 The detection and initial management of post-operative complications including compressing haematomas, CSF fistula and spinal sepsis
Clinical Skills	None
Technical Skills and Procedures	None
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Initial</u> section for these skills

Intermediate Stage

Intermediate Training Stage ST4 – ST5

During the intermediate stage trainees will consolidate the theoretical knowledge and clinical skills gained during the initial training stage. They will develop their surgical judgement, decision making and operative competencies in the following conditions:

- Cranial trauma: including the general management of the head injured patient; surgical management of cranial trauma; neuro-intensive care of the head-injured patient; the role of post-traumatic neurological rehabilitation
- Intracranial haemorrhage: including the operative management of space-occupying spontaneous intracerebral haematomas; surgical aspects of the multidisciplinary management of aneurysmal subarachnoid haemorrhage SAH
- Hydrocephalus: including the assessment and operative management of adult patients with communicating and non communicating hydrocephalus; the assessment of children with hydrocephalus; emergency external ventricular drainage in children with acute hydrocephalus
- Neuro-oncology: including the multi-disciplinary management of patients with intracranial neoplasia; image-guided surgery applied to the management of patients with intracranial tumours; the operative management of supra-tentorial intrinsic tumours; the operative management of convexity meningiomas
- CNS sepsis: including the general management of CNS infections e.g. ventriculitis, cerebral abscess, subdural empyema and spinal epidural abscess; the operative management of cerebral abscess by burr hole aspiration

- Spinal trauma: all aspects of the non-operative management of spinal injury patients
- Spinal oncology: including the general management of patients with malignant spinal cord compression and basic surgical management of patients with malignant spinal cord compression
- Degenerative spinal disorders: including the surgical management of lumbar compressive radiculopathies by lumbar microdiscectomy and associated microsurgical decompressions; the surgical management of compressive cervical myeloradiculopathies

By the end of the intermediate stage trainees will have acquired the necessary clinical and operative skills with sufficient experience to manage without direct supervision a range of adult emergency conditions together with selected, life saving emergency intervention in children. They will be competent to undertake all the common surgical approaches and to perform selected microsurgical procedures included in the Operative Competency Schedule.

Click on <u>Workplace Based Assessments</u> to view the assessment forms including DOPS and PBAs

Topics

Topic	General management of the head injured patient
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Cranial Trauma
Objective	<i>To achieve competence in all aspects of the general management of head- injured patients</i>
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of head injury and of multiple trauma 4 Prevention of secondary insults 4 Indications for operative intervention 4 Medical management of acutely raised intracranial pressure
Clinical Skills	 4 Clinical assessment of the head-injured and multiply-injured patient 4 Prioritisation of clinical risk 4 Interpretation of CT scans and plain radiology 4 Interpretation of multi-modality cerebral monitoring 4 Ability to assess and advise on the transfer of head-injured patient using image-transfer and telemedicine

Technical Skills and Procedures None specified

Topic	Surgical management of cranial trauma
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Cranial Trauma
Objective	To achieve competence in the operative management of head-injured patients
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of raised intracranial pressure and space occupying haematomas 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Indications for surgery and appropriate surgical approaches
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment of the head-injured patient 4 Interpretation of trauma CT scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	 3 Craniotomy for supratentorial traumatic haematoma, in particular: 3 Planning and siting of craniotomies for evacuation of extradural and subdural haematomas 3 Handling the "tight" brain 3 Achieving haemostasis in the coagulopathic patient 3 Achieving haemostasis from the skull base and venous sinuses 3 Elevation of compound depressed skull fracture with dural repair 3 Delayed cranioplasty of skull vault
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Neuro-intensive care of the head-injured patient
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Cranial Trauma
Objective	To achieve competence in the neurointensive care of head-injured patients
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of head injury 4 The management of raised intracranial pressure, impaired intracranial compliance, and cerebral ischaemia 4 Prevention and management of secondary insults
Clinical Skills	 4 Assessment of the unconscious patient 4 Use and interpretation of multimodality monitoring 4 Interpretation of CT scans 4 Ability to advise on management of secondary complications and further surgical intervention

Technical Skills and Procedures None specified

Professional Skills Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Neurological rehabilitation
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Cranial Trauma
Objective	To understand the role of post-traumatic neurological rehabilitation
Knowledge	 4 The natural history of recovery from head injury 4 Understanding of neurological, cognitive and behavioural disabilities following mild and severe head injury 4 Risks of post-traumatic epilepsy and its management
Clinical Skills	4 Ability to contribute to the multi-disciplinary assessment of head injured patients4 Ability to advise family and carers regarding prognosis, professional and lay support
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Primary intracerebral haematomas
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Intracranial Haemorrhage
Objective	To achieve competence in the operative management of space-occupying spontaneous intracerebral haematomas
Knowledge	 4 Aetiology of supra and infratentorial intracerebral haemorrhage 4 Pathophysiology of spontaneous intracerebral haemorrhage 4 Indications for surgical evacuation 4 Management strategies to reduce the risk of intra-operative re-bleeding in presence of suspected aneurysm or AVM including partial haematoma evacuation, pre or post-operative embolisation and definitive surgical treatment
Clinical Skills	 4 Assessment of patients with intracerebral haematomas and raised intracranial pressure 4 Interpretation of CT and MRI scans and identification of probable aetiology 4 Indications for pre-operative CT angiography, MRA and digital subtraction angiography

Technical Skills 3 Craniotomy for supratentorial haematoma including:

and Procedures 3 Planning and siting of craniotomies
3 Use of ventricular drainage
3 Intracerebral haemostasis in the coagulopathic patient

Topic	Aneurysmal subarachnoid haemorrhage
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Intracranial Haemorrhage
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of aneurysmal subarachnoid haemorrhage SAH
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of SAH 4 Prevention and management of delayed cerebral ischaemia, cerebral vasospasm and hydrocephalus 4 Relative indications for endovascular and surgical interventions
Clinical Skills	4 Clinical assessment of patients with aneurysmal SAH4 Non operative management of patients undergoing endovascular coiling4 Management of delayed cerebral ischaemia
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 External ventricular drainage4 Lumbar subarachnoid drainage3 Ventriculoperitoneal shunting
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Adult hydrocephalus
Category Sub-category:	Cranial Surgery Hydrocephalus
Sub-category.	To achieve competence the assessment and operative management of adult
Objective	patients with communicating and non communicating hydrocephalus.
Knowledge	 4 The pathophysiology of CSF circulation 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the ventricular system 4 Indications for external ventricular drainage, ventriculoperitoneal shunting, lumbar CSF drainage and shunting, ventriculo-cisternostomy 4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with hydrocephalus, including interpretation of CT and MRI scans and identification of shunt malfunction
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Lumbar subarachnoid drainage 4 External ventricular drainage

- 3 Primary ventriculoperitoneal shunt
- 2 Revision of ventriculoperitoneal shunt
- 2 Lumbo-peritoneal shunt

Topic	Paediatric hydrocephalus
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Hydrocephalus
Objective	To achieve competence in the assessment of children with hydrocephalus. To undertake emergency external ventricular drainage in children with acute hydrocephalus
Knowledge	4 The pathophysiology of CSF circulation4 Applied surgical anatomy of the ventricular system4 Indications for external ventricular drainage
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment of the ill child with hydrocephalus, impaired consciousness and sepsis4 Differential diagnosis of shunt malfunction4 Interpretation of CT scans in shunted children
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Taping and draining from an Ommaya reservoir4 Taping a shunt2 External ventricular drainage
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	General principles of neuro-oncology
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Neuro-oncology
Objective	To achieve competence in the multi-disciplinary management of patients with intracranial neoplasia
Knowledge	 4 Classification, natural history and pathology of benign and malignant intracranial neoplasia 4 Pathophysiology of raised intracranial pressure associated with space occupying tumours 4 Diagnostic imaging of intracranial tumours including the interpretation of CT and MRI scans and the role of MRS 4 Principles of fractionated radiotherapy, stereotactic radiotherapy and radiosurgery 4 Role of adjuvant chemotherapy 4 Principles of clinical trials and their application to neuro-oncology

	4 Principles of palliative care
Clinical Skills	 4 Clinical assessment of patients with raised intracranial pressure and space occupying lesions 4 Ability to contribute to the multi-disciplinary management of patients with intracranial neoplasia 4 Empathetic communication with patients and families
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Principles of image-guided surgery
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Neuro-oncology
Objective	To achieve competence in image-guided surgery applied to the management of patients with intracranial tumours
Knowledge	4 An understanding of the principles and practice of frameless image-guided surgery and the principles of frame-based stereotactic surgery
Clinical Skills	4 Interpretation of CT and MRI scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	 3 Image-guided biopsy of supratentorial intrinsic tumour 4 Ability to import, check and interrogate image data sets on a standard work station 4 Setting up an image-guidance system and obtaining satisfactory intra-operative registration 4 Planning and siting burr holes and craniotomy flaps using image-guidance 4 Identification of an intra-cranial tumour and its margins using image-guidance guidance
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Supra-tentorial intrinsic tumours
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Neuro-oncology
Objective	To achieve competence in the operative management of supra-tentorial intrinsic tumours
Knowledge	4 Indications for surgery4 Applied surgical anatomy4 Principles of peri-operative care4 Complications of surgery

Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with supratentorial intrinsic tumours
Technical Skills and Procedures	 3 Craniotomy for superficial, lobar supratentorial intrinsic tumour In particular: 3 safe patient positioning 3 planning and siting of craniotomy with and without image-guidance 3 intra-operative management of raised ICP 3 appropriate exposure of the tumour, using operating microscope as necessary 3 safe use of fixed retractors 3 precise use of suction, electo-coagulation and ultrasonic aspiration 3 intracranial haemostasis
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Convexity meningioma
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Neuro-oncology
Objective	To achieve competence in the operative management of a convexity menginiomas
Knowledge	4 Indications for surgery4 Applied surgical anatomy4 Principles of peri-operative care4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with convexity meningiomas
Technical Skills and Procedures	 Resection of a convexity meningioma, in particular: 3 safe patient positioning 3 planning and siting of craniotomy with and without image-guidance 3 intra-operative management of raised ICP 3 appropriate exposure of the tumour 3 precise use of suction, electo-coagulation and ultrasonic aspiration 3 use of internal tumour decompression 3 dissection in the subarachnoid plane using the operating microscope as necessary 3 intracranial haemostasis 3 use of duraplasty and cranioplasty
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	CNS Sepsis
Objective	To achieve competence in the general management of CNS infections including ventriculitis, cerebral abscess, subdural empyema and spinal epidural abscess
Knowledge	4 The pathophysiology of intracranial and spinal sepsis4 Principles of anti-microbial chemotherapy4 Indications for operative intervention
Clinical Skills	4 Clinical assessment of patients with CNS infections 4 Interpretation of CT and MRI scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	None specified
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Management of intracerebral abscess
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	CNS Sepsis
Objective	To achieve competence in the operative management of cerebral abscess using burr hole aspiration
Knowledge	4 Indications for surgery4 Applied surgical anatomy4 Principles of peri-operative care4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment and pre-operative preparation of patients with a cerebral abscess
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Burr hole aspiration of a cerebral abscess with and without image-guidance
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Management of the spinal injury patient
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Spinal Trauma
Objective	To achieve competence in all aspects of the non-operative management of spinal injury patients.
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of spinal cord injury 4 Classification of spinal fracture dislocations 4 Biomechanics of spinal instability 4 Indications for halo traction and external stabilisation

	4 Indications for and principles of open reduction and stabilisation
Clinical Skills	 4 Clinical assessment of the spinal injury patient 4 Management of spinal shock 4 Interpretation of plain radiology, CT and MRI scans 4 Liaison with spinal injury units
I echnical Skills	4 Use of external mobilisation including cervical collars and spinal boards3 Application of halo traction2 Application of a halo-body jacket
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Malignant spinal cord compression
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Spinal Oncology
Objective	To achieve competence in the general management of patients with malignant spinal cord compression.
Knowledge	 4 The pathophysiology of spinal cord compression 4 The classification, aetiology and natural history of vertebral metastases 4 Spinal instability associated with vertebral malignancy 4 Indications for surgical intervention 4 Role of primary radiotherapy and adjuvant radiotherapy or chemotherapy
Clinical Skills	4 Clinical assessment of patients with malignant spinal cord compression4 Interpretation of plain radiology, CT and MRI scans4 Liaison with medical oncologists and radiotherapist
Technical Skills and Procedures	No content
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Surgical management of thoraco-lumbar metastases
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Spinal Oncology
Objective	To achieve competence in the basic surgical management of patients with malignant spinal cord compression
Knowledge	 4 Indications for surgery 4 The principles of operative spinal decompression and stabilisation of patients with spinal cord metastases. 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery
	Page 58 of 107

Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with malignant spinal cord compression
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Extradural spinal biopsy and decompression by laminectomy in selected patients without segmental instability2 Instrumented posterior spinal stabilisation
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Topic	Lumbar radiculopathies
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Degenerative Spinal Disorders
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical management of lumbar compressive radiculopathies by lumbar microdiscectomies and associated microsurgical decompressions.
Knowledge	 4 Indications for operative management of lumbar radiculopathies 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the lumbar spine with particular reference to degenerative neural compression and morphological variations in vertebral anatomy 4 Selection of minimally-invasive approaches 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with lumbar radiculopathies4 Interpretation of plain radiographs, CT scan, MRI scans and CT myelograms
Technical Skills and Procedures	 3 Primary lumbar microdiscectomy 3 Primary posterior decompression (laminotomy, hemilaminectomy etc): including - Identification of spinal level by pre and intra-operative fluoroscopy - Achieving safe access to the spinal canal by micro-surgical fenestration - Achieving full decompression of the spinal canal, lateral recess and foramen by appropriate bone and soft tissue resection - Protection and safe retraction of neural tissues
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Торіс	Compressive cervical myeloradiculopathies
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Degenerative Spinal Disorders
Objective	<i>To achieve competence in the surgical management of compressive cervical myeloradiculopathies</i>

Knowledge	 4 Indications for operative management of cervical myeloradiculopathies 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the cervical spinal column with particular reference to the relationships between the bony elements, spinal cord, nerve roots and vertebral arteries 4 Selection of surgical approaches 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	 4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with cervical myeloradiculopathies 4 Interpretation of plain radiographs, CT scan, MRI scans and CT myelograms
	 3 Single level anterior cervical discectomy with and without fusion In particular: 3 Standard anterolateral approach to the cervical spine 3 Use of fluoroscopy or plain radiographs to confirm spinal level 3 Radical and subtotal excision of the cervical disc, PLL, central and uncovertebral osteophytes 3 Protection and full decompression of the spinal cord and spinal nerve roots 3 Interbody fusion using autologous bone with or without interbody cages
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Intermediate</u> section for these skills

Final Stage

Final Stage ST6 – ST7

The final stage syllabus is not intended to be a comprehensive training guide. Due to the nature of neurosurgical practice there will be conditions and procedures that are not individually specified in the syllabus and that will form part of a trainee's experience. This clinical and operative experience will be taken into account when assessing the overall quality of advanced training.

However, by the time that trainees apply for special interest training or to take the FRCS (Neurosurgery) they must be competent in all aspects of the clinical management of patients presenting with the following essential conditions:

- Cranial trauma
- Spontaneous intracranial haemorrhage
- Hydrocephalus
- Intracranial tumours
- CNS infections
- Spinal trauma
- Benign intradural tumours
- Malignant spinal cord compression
- Degenerative spinal disorders
- Emergency paediatric care

They must be competent to undertake the full range of operative procedures specified in the final training stage of the essential operative competency schedule (Table 1) without supervision and have sufficient operative experience to be able to manage operative difficulties and complications (Competence level 4).

Paediatric training

Before completing their training all trainees will undertake a six month placement in a paediatric neurosurgery service under the direct supervision of paediatric neurosurgeons with a full-time or major commitment to paediatric surgery. The service must provide a comprehensive range of paediatric neurosurgical care (with the exception of supra-regional services) and have a minimum annual operative workload of 250 cases. On completion of general paediatric training trainees will be competent to assess and undertake the emergency neurosurgical management of the critically-ill child with raised intracranial pressure.

Special Interest Training ST8

To ensure the quality of emergency and continuing care of neurosurgical patients with appropriate liaison and cross referral all trainees are expected to have a basic understanding of the specialist areas of neurosurgical practice. During final stage training all trainees will undertake selected specialist operative procedures under direct supervision to consolidate their advanced operative skills.

Trainees in special interest training will develop a comprehensive and in-depth knowledge of their field. The special interest training year is allocated to ST8 in the stage overview for convenience. However this year may be undertaken at any time in the final stage at the doscretion of the programme director. By the end of special interest training they will be competent to undertake selected operative procedures relating to the common presentations in their specialist field without direct supervision. They will be competent to undertake other procedures in their field under the mentorship of a senior colleague. The specialist interest summaries indicate the breath and depth of training required in a specialist interest fellowship

Table1. Schedule of Essential Operative Competencies

This table summarises the level of operative competence which should be attained at each stage of training using the four point scale: 1 – has observed; 2 – can do with assistance; 3 – can do whole but may need assistance; 4 – competent to do whole without assistance and manage complications.

		Initial In	termedia	te Final
•	Surgical Approaches			
•	Burr hole	3	4	4
•	Craniotomy – convexity	2	3	4
•	Craniotomy – pterional	1	3	4
•	Craniotomy – midline supratentorial	1	3	4
•	Craniotomy – midline posterior fossa	2	3	4
•	Transsphenoidal approach	1	2	4
•	Lateral posterior fossa	1	2	4
•	Lumbar fenestration	2	4	4
•	Laminectomy	2	3	4
•	General Procedures			
٠	Insertion of lumbar drain	3	4	4
•	Tapping/draining of CSF reservoir	3	4	4
•	Application of skull traction	2	4	4
•	Image Guidance/Stereotaxy set up	2	4	4
•	Management of cranial trauma			
٠	Insertion of Intracranial (ICP) monitor	3	4	4
٠	Burr hole evacuation of CSDH	3	4	4
٠	Elevation of depressed skull fracture	2	4	4
٠	Craniotomy for traumatic haematoma (ICH)	2	3	4
•	Management of spontaneous intracranial haemorrhage			
٠	Craniotomy for spontaneous intracerebral haematoma (ICH			
	supratentorial)	1	3	4
٠	Craniotomy for spontaneous intracerebellar haematoma (ICH			
	infratentorial)	1	3	4
•	Management of hydrocephalus			
•	Insertion of ventricular drain/access device	3	4	4
•	Insertion of VP shunt	2	3	4
٠	Revision of VP shunt	1	2	4
•	Management of intracranial tumours			
•	Supratentorial tumour biopsy	2	3	4
•	Craniotomy for supratentorial intrinsic tumour/metastasis	1	3	4
•	Craniotomy for posterior fossa intrinsic tumour/metastasis	1	2	4
•	Craniotomy for convexity meningioma	1	3	4

• Management of intradural spinal tumours

• Excision of intradural extramedullary tumour	1	2	4
 Management of degenerative spinal disorders Lumbar microdiscectomy Anterior cervical discectomy 	1	3	4
	1	3	4
 Emergency paediatric care Insertion of EVD Evacuation of intracranial haematoma (ICH) 	1	2	4
	1	2	4

Click on <u>Workplace Based Assessments</u> to view the assessment forms including DOPS and PBAs

Topics

Topic	Management of head injured patients
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Cranial Trauma
Objective	To achieve competence in all aspects of the advanced operative management of head-injured patients
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of raised intracranial pressure and space occupying haematomas 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Indications for surgery and appropriate surgical approaches 4 Indications for open and endoscopic closure of traumatic CSF fistulae 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 Competence in all aspects of peri-operative management of head-injured patients4 Ability to diagnose and confirm brain death
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Craniotomy for supra and infratentorial extradural, subdural and intracerebral haematomas 4 Lobectomy for haemorrhagic contusion 4 Vault cranioplasty using in-situ or preformed prostheses 3 Decompressive bifrontal craniotomy with extensive durotomy 3 Subfrontal extradural or subdural repair of anterior fossa fractures 3 Combined craniofacial repair of fronto-orbito-maxillary injuries (fellowship)
Professional Skills	Please see the Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final section for these skills

Topic	Aneurysmal Subarachnoid haemmorrhage
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Spontaneous Intracranial haemorrage

Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of aneurysmal subarachnoid haemorrhage SAH
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of SAH 4 Prevention and management of delayed cerebral ischaemia, cerebral vasospasm and hydrocephalus 4 Relative indications for endovascular and surgical interventions
Clinical Skills	4 Clinical assessment of patients with aneurysmal SAH4 Non operative management of patients undergoing endovascular coiling4 Management of delayed cerebral ischaemia
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 External ventricular drainage 4 Lumbar subarachnoid drainage 4 Ventriculoperitoneal shunting 4 Revision of ventriculoperitoneal shunt 4 Craniotomy for intracerebral haematoma

Topic	Adult hydrocephalus
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Hydrocephalus
Objective	To achieve competence in all aspects of the management of adult patients with hydrocephalus
Knowledge	 4 The patholophysiology of CSF circulation 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the ventricular system 4 Indications for external ventricular drainage, shunting, lumbar CSF drainage and shunting, ventriculo-cisternostomy 4 Surgical complications and their management
Clinical Skills	 4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with hydrocephalus 4 Interpretation of pressure studies and CSF infusion studies 4 Interpretation of CT and MRI scans and identification of shunt malfunction
Technical Skills and Procedures	Competence in all aspects of primary and revisional shunt surgery including: 4 Use of 3-D image-guidance or ultrasound for difficult ventricular cannulation 4 Intra-operative testing of shunt function 4 Selection of appropriate shunts 4 Management of peri-operative ventricular haemorrhage 4 Lumbo-peritoneal shunt 2 Third ventriculo-cisternostomy

Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Intracranial tumours
Objective	<i>To achieve competence in the surgical management of patients with anterior and middle fossa tumours</i>
Knowledge	 4 Indications for selected approaches in relation to pathology and surgical goals 4 Applied microsurgical anatomy of the anterior and middle cranial fossae 4 Principles of intra-operative management of patients undergoing resection of anterior and middle fossa tumours including olfactory groove, planum sphenoidale, parasellar and sphenoid wing and falcine meningiomas 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with anterior and middle fossa tumours4 Interpretation of CT and MRI scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Standard pterional and subfrontal approaches including: Pterional resection and basal drilling Subfrontal approach to the optic nerve, chiasm and internal carotid arteries Sylvian fissure splitting and exposure of the MCA bifurcation CSF drainage by chiasmatic cisternal suction, intra-operative ventricular puncture and lamina terminalis fenestration 4 Bi-Frontal/Frontal and panietal parafalcine approaches 4 Microsurgical resection of superfical skull base meningioma 2 Anterior interhemispheric, fronto-orbital, zygomatic and temporo-zygomatic approaches

Topic	Transphenoidal surgery
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Intracranial tumours
Objective	To achieve competence in transphenoidal approaches to the pituitary fossa and resection of pituitary adenomas
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of the hypothalamic-pituitary axis 3 Indications for surgery 3 Selection of surgical approaches: sublabial, transnasal and endoscopic 3 Applied surgical anatomy of the skull base 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with pituitary, sellar and parasellar tumours4 Interpretation of CT and MRI scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Microsurgical transphenoidal approach2 Transphenoidal resection of non-functioning macroadenoma
Professional Skills	s Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final</u> section for these skills

Topic	Movement disorders
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Functional neurosurgery
Objective	To understand the management of patients with movement disorders
Knowledge	3 The aetiology and pathophysiology of movement disorders2 Indications for medical, minimally-invasive and surgical management4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	3 Surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary assessment of patients with movement disorders
Technical Skills and Procedures	No content

Topic	Midline tumours
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Intracranial tumours
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of patients with midline sellar, parasellar, pineal and third ventricular tumours
Knowledge	 4 Indications for surgery 4 Applied surgical anatomy of midline structures 4 Selection of surgical approaches including principles of endoscopic biopsy and/or resection 4 Principles of intra-operative management of patients undergoing resection of midline sellar, para-sellar, pineal and third ventricular tumours including colloid cysts 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with midline tumours tumours4 Interpretation of CT and MRI scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Transfrontal, transcortical approach to the lateral and third ventricle2 Microsurgical resection of lateral intraventricular tumour2 Transfrontal endoscopic biopsy
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Торіс	Malignant posterior fossa tumours
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Intracranial tumours
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical management of superficial, hemispheric and midline intrinsic posterior fossa tumours and metastases
Knowledge	 4 Indications for surgery 4 Selection of surgical approaches 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with posterior fossa malignant tumours4 Interpretation of CT and MRI scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Competence in midline, paramedian and retrosigmoid posterior fossa craniotomies including: - safe patient positioning in the prone and semi-prone positions - exposure of the lateral and sigmoid sinuses - exposure and decompression of the foramen magnum - use of cisternal CSF drainage - safe use of fixed retractors - exposure and resection of superficial, lateral and mid-line intrinsic cerebellar tumours and metastases

Topic	Cerebellopontine angle tumours
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Intracranial tumours
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of patients with cerebellopontine angle tumours
Knowledge	 4 Relative indications for surgery, radiosurgery and conservative management 4 Principles of intra-operative management of patients undergoing resection of CP angle tumours including vestibular schwannomas and menignomas 3 Principles and application of cranial nerve and brainstem monitoring 4 Applied microsurgical anatomy of the CP angle, brainstem and lower cranial nerves 3 Relative indications for retrosigmoid, middle fossa, and translabyrinthine approaches with respect to hearing preservation, tumour size and position
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with CP angle tumours4 Interpretation of CT and MR scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Retrosigmoid approach3 Subarachnoid dissection and exposure of the tumour and lower cranial nerves2 Subtotal microsurgical resection of acoustic neuroma

Topic	Intracerebral abscess and subdural empyema
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	CNS Infection
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of patients with CNS infections including ventriculitis, cerebral abscess and subdural empyema
Knowledge	 4 The aetiology and pathophysiology of intracranial sepsis 4 Indications for burr hole drainage, ventricular drainage and craniotomy in the management of intracranial sepsis 4 Indications for combined otorhinological procedures 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Surgical complications
Clinical Skills	 4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with intracranial sepsis 4 Interpretation of CT and MRI scans 3 Management of anti-microbial therapy
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Burr hole drainage of intracerebral abscess 4 Ventricular drainage 4 Craniotomy for subdural empyema, including frontal and parietal parafalcine approaches 4 Craniotomy and resection of frontal, temporal and cerebellar abscess 3 Anterior and middle fossa extradural and subdural duroplasty

Торіс	Intracranial aneurysms
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Neurovascular surgery
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of ruptured and unruptured intracranial aneurysms
Knowledge	 4 Aetiology, epidemiology and natural history of unruptured and ruptured intracranial aneurysms 4 Pathophysiology and general management of subarachnoid haemorrhage 3 Angiographic and microsurgical anatomy of the cerebral circulation 3 Indications for surgical management of intracranial aneurysms by clipping, trapping, microsurgical reconstruction and microvascular bypass 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with ruptured and unruptured aneurysms4 Interpretation of CT, MR and catheter angiography
Technical Skills	4 Standard pterional and subfrontal approaches

Topic	Intracranial vascular malformations
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Neurovascular surgery
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of intracranial vascular malformations
Knowledge	 4 Pathogenesis, aetiology, epidemiology and natural history of intracranial vascular malformations including AVMs, A-V fistula, cavernomas and venous malformations 4 Pathophysiology and general management of intracranial haemorrhage 3 Angiographic and microsurgical anatomy of the cerebral circulation 3 Indications for embolisation and radiosurgery 3 Indications for surgical management of malformations 4 Complications of surgery and their management, including hyperperfusion syndromes
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with vascular malformations4 Interpretation of CT, MR and catheter angiography
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Image-guided craniotomy and exposure of supratentorial AVM 2 Microsurgical resection of superficial gyral or sulcal AVM
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final</u> section for these skills

Topic	Occlusive cerebrovascular disease
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Neurovascular surgery
Objective	<i>To achieve competence in the clinical management of occlusive cerebrovascular disease</i>
Knowledge	 3 The epidemiology, natural history and pathophysiology of extra- and intracranial atherosclerotic occlusive disease 3 The epidemiology, natural history and pathophysiology of non-atherosclerotic occlusive diseases 3 Optimal medical management of occlusive and thrombo-embolic cerebrovascular disease 3 Imaging of the acutely ischaemic brain using CT and MRI 3 Principles of non-invasive and invasive imaging of the extra and intracranial vasculature using CT, MRI and catheter angiography 2 Principles of regional cerebral blood flow and metabolism measurement and imaging using CT and MRI perfusion techniques; SPECT and PET scanning

	 2 Indications for carotid endarterectomy 2 Indications for endovascular intervention including intra-arterial thrombolysis; carotid angioplasty and stenting; intracranial angioplasty 2 Principles of cerebral revascularisation by indirect synangiosis, low-flow EC- IC anastomosis and high flow EC-IC bypass grafting
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients undergoing surgery for occlusive cerebrovascular disease with ruptured and unruptured aneurysms3 Interpretation of CT, MR and catheter angiography
Technical Skills and Procedures Professional Skills	None Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final</u> section for these skills

Topic	Chronic pain
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Functional neurosurgery
Objective	To understand the management of patients with chronic pain syndromes
Knowledge	3 The aetiology and pathophysiology of chronic pain syndromes3 Indications for medical, minimally-invasive and surgical management3 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	3 Surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary assessment of chronic pain patients 4 Pre-operative counselling and preparation
Technical Skills and Procedures	None
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Topic	Trigeminal neuralgia
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Functional neurosurgery
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of patients with trigeminal neuralgia
Knowledge	 4 Aetiology, epidemiology and natural history of trigeminal neuralgia 4 Differential diagnosis and management of related cranio-facial pain syndromes 4 Medical management of cranio-facial pain 4 Surface anatomy of the trigemminal nerve and microsurgical anatomy of the CP angle 4 Indications for surgical management of trigeminal neuralgia by peripheral neurectomy, percutaneous rhizotomy, radiofrequency rhizotomy, microvascular decompression

	4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with trigeminal neuralgia4 Interpretation of posterior fossa CT and MRI scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Retrosigmoid microsurgical approach to the CP angle and trigeminal nerve2 Trigeminal microvascular decompression2 Percutaneous trigeminal rhizotomy

Topic	Epilepsy
Category	Cranial Surgery
Sub-category:	Functional neurosurgery
Objective	To understand the management of patients with idiopathic and lesional epilepsy)
Knowledge	4 The aetiology and pathophysiology of idiopathic and lesional epilepsy 3 Indications for medical and surgical management
Clinical Skills	4 Surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary assessment of epilepsy patients4 Interpretation of CT, MRI and SPECT scans4 Pre-operative counselling and preparation
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Image-guided resection of cortical lesions3 Vagal nerve stimulation
Professional Skills	Please see the Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final section for these ski

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Professional Skills Please see the	e <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final</u> section for these skills

Topic	Cervical spine fracture-subluxation
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Spinal Trauma
Objective	To achieve competence in the general management of fracture-subluxations of the cervical spine
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of spinal cord injury 4 Classification of cervical spinal fracture dislocations 4 Biomechanics of spinal instability 4 Indications for halo traction and external stabilisation 4 Indications for and principles of open reduction and stabilisation
Clinical Skills	 4 Clinical assessment of the spinal injury patient 4 Management of spinal shock 4 Interpretation of plain radiology, CT and MRI scans 4 Liaison with spinal injury units 4 Counselling and pre-operative preparation of spinal injury patients
Technical Skills	4 Application of cranial-cervical traction

and Procedures

Topic	Thoraco-lumbar fractures
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Spinal Trauma
Objective	To achieve competence in the general management of thoracolumbar fractures
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of spinal cord injury 4 Classification of thoracolumbar fracture dislocations 4 Biomechanics of spinal instability 4 Indications for open reduction and stabilisation
Clinical Skills	 4 Clinical assessment of the spinal injury patient 4 Management of spinal shock 4 Interpretation of plain radiology, CT and MRI scans 4 Liaison with spinal injury units 4 Counselling and pre-operative preparation of spinal injury patients
	2 Posterior reduction of thoracolumbar fractures by pedicle screw instrumentation and ligamentotaxis
Professional Skills	Please see the Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final section for these skills

Topic	Intradural extramedullary tumours
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Benign Intradural Tumours
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of patients with intradural extramedullary tumours including scwannomas, neurofibromas and meningiomas
Knowledge	 4 Classification, natural history and basic molecular biology of intradural spinal tumours 4 Pathophysiology of spinal cord compression 4 Indications for surgery 4 Selection of surgical approaches 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with intradural spinal tumours4 Interpretation of spinal MRI scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Microsurgical excision of posterior and postero-lateral intradural extramedullary tumours 2 Microsurgical excision of anterior intradural extramedullary tumours Page 73 of 107

Topic	Intramedullary spinal cord tumours
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Benign Intradural Tumours
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of patients with intramedullary spinal cord tumours
Knowledge	 4 Classification, natural history and pathology of intramedullary spinal cord tumours 4 Indications for biopsy, subtotal and radical excision 4 Role of adjuvant treatment 4 Applied surgical anatomy of spine and spinal cord 4 Selection of surgical approaches 4 Principles of intra-operative management of patients undergoing resection of intramedullary tumours 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with intramedullary spinal cord tumours 4 Interpretation of spinal MRI scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Microsurgical biopsy of intramedullary spinal cord tumour2 Subtotal microsurgical resection of intramedullary tumour4 Duroplasty

Торіс	Malignant spinal cord compression
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Malignant Spinal Cord Compression
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of patients with malignant secondary spinal cord compression
Knowledge	 4 The pathophysiology of spinal cord compression 4 The classification, aetiology and natural history of vertebral metastases 4 Spinal instability associated with vertebral malignancy 4 Indications for percutanous and open spinal biopsy 4 Role of primary radiotherapy and adjuvant radiotherapy or chemotherapy 4 Indications for spinal decompression with and without instrumented spinal stabilisation
Clinical Skills	 4 Clinical assessment of patients with malignant spinal cord compression 4 Interpretation of plain radiology, CT and MRI scans 4 Liaison with medical oncologists and radiotherapist 4 Counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with malignant spinal

Technical Skills and Procedures	cord compression
	4 Decompressive thoracic and lumbar laminectomy with extradural tumour
	resection
	Posterior pedicle screw stabilisation
	3 Anterior cervical corporectomy with anterior column re-construction and
	anterior cervical plating

Topic	Lumbar radiculopathies
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Degenerative Spinal Disorders
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical management of lumbar compressive radiculopathies by lumbar microdiscectomies and associated microsurgical decompressions
Knowledge	 4 Indications for operative management of lumbar radiculopathies 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the lumbar spine with particular reference to degenerative neural compression and morphological variations in vertebral anatomy 4 Selection of minimally-invasive approaches 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with lumbar radiculopathies4 Interpretation of plain radiographs, CT scan, MRI scans and CT myelograms
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Lumbar microdiscectomy 4 Microsurgical lateral recess decompression 4 Posterior decompression (laminotomy, hemilaminectomy etc) 4 Revisional lumbar microsurgical discectomy with and without decompression 4 Microsurgical lumbar discectomy for central disc protrusion with cauda equina compression

Topic	Cervical myeloradiculopathy
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Degenerative Spinal Disorders
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of cervical radiculopathy
Knowledge	 4 Indications for operative management of cervical radiculopathies 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the cervical spinal column, spinal cord, nerve roots and vertebral arteries 4 Selection of surgical approaches

	4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with cervical myeloradiculopathies4 Interpretation of plain radiographs, CT scan, MRI scans and CT myelograms
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Single and multi-level anterior cervical discectomy with and without fusion 4 Anterior cervical plating 3 Posterior cervical microforaminotomy and microdiscectomy 4 Posterior cervical decompression (laminotomy, hemilaminectomy etc

Торіс	Rheumatoid disease
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Craniocervical junction disorders
Objective	To understand the management of rheumatoid patients with atlanto-axial subluxation, cranial settling and related disorders
Knowledge	 3 The pathology and natural history of rheumatoid spondylopathy 3 Indications for operative management of atlanto-axial subluxation, cranial settling and related disorders 3 Applied surgical anatomy of the craniocervical junction 3 Selection of surgical approaches 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with cervical myeloradiculopathies4 Interpretation of plain radiographs, CT scan, MRI scans and CT myelograms and 3D spinal reconstructions
Technical Skills and Procedures	2 Atlanto-axial wiring for reducible atlanto-axial subluxation
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final</u> section for these skills

Topic	Hindbrain herniation
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Craniocervical junction disorders
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of craniocervical stenosis and hindbrain herniation
Knowledge	 4 The pathogenesis and natural history of hindbrain herniation, cranicervical stenosis, syringomyelia and syringobulbia 4 Indications for foramen magnum decompression 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the craniocervical junction
	Page 76 of 107

	4 Selection of surgical approaches4 Principles of peri-operative care4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	 4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with hind brain anomalies 4 Interpretation of plain radiographs, CT scan, MRI scans and CT myelograms and 3D spinal reconstructions
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Foramen magnum decompression
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final</u> section for these skills

Topic	Spinal epidural abscess
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Spinal Infection
Objective	To achieve competence in the operative management of spinal epidural abscess
Knowledge	 4 The aetiology and pathophysiology of spinal sepsis 4 Indications for drainage of spinal epidural abscess by laminectomy and multiple laminotomies 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Surgical complications and their management 4 Principles of peri-operative care
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with spinal sepsis4 Interpretation of spinal CT and MRI scans3 Management of anti-microbial therapy
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Drainage of spinal epidural abscess by laminectomy and/or multiple laminotomies

Topic	Vertebral osteomyelitis and discitis
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	Spinal Infection
Objective	To achieve competence in the operative management of vertebral osteomyelitis and discitis
Knowledge	 4 The aetiology and pathophysiology of vertebral osteomyelitis and discitis, including pyogenic, tuberculous and atypical infections 4 Indications for percutaneous and open biopsy 4 Indications for spinal stabilisation 4 Principles of peri-operative care

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	4 Surgical complications and their management
Clinical Skills	 4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with spinal sepsis 4 Interpretation of spinal CT and MRI scans 3 Management of anti-microbial therapy
Technical Skills and Procedures	2 Transpedicular and open vertebral and disc biopsy
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final</u> section for these skills

Carpal tunnel compression
Peripheral Nerve Surgery
None
To achieve competence in carpal tunnel decompression
 4 Presentation, differential diagnosis and management of carpal tunnel syndrome 4 Interpretation of nerve conduction studes 4 Indications for surgery 4 Applied surgical anatomy
4 Assessment and counselling of patients with carpal tunnel syndrome
4 Carpal tunnel decompression

Topic Category Sub-category:	Ulnar neuropathy Peripheral Nerve Surgery None
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of ulnar neuropathy
Knowledge	 4 Presentation, differential diagnosis and management of ulnar neuropathies 4 Interpretation of nerve conduction studes 4 Indications for surgery 4 Applied surgical anatomy
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment and counselling of patients with an ulnar neuropathy
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Cubital ulnar nerve decompression with and without transposition
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final</u> section for these skills

Topic	Peripheral nerve sheath tumours
Category	Peripheral Nerve Surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	<i>To achieve competence in the resection of major and minor peripheral nerve tumours</i>
Knowledge	4 Pathology of peripheral nerve sheath tumours4 Indications for complete and subtotal resection of tumours4 Applied surgical anatomy of the major peripheral nerves
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment and counselling of patients with peripheral nerve sheath tumours
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Microsurgical excision of peripheral nerve sheath tumour
Professional Skills	Please see the <u>Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final</u> section for these skills

Topic Category Sub-category: Objective	Paediatic head and spinal injury Paediatric Neurosurgery None To achieve competence the management of accidental and non-accidental paediatric head and spinal injuries.
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of raised intracranial pressure in children following head injury 4 Prevention and treatment of secondary insults relating to transfer and emergency surgery in head-injured children 4 Medical management and intensive care in paediatric head injury 4 Pathophysiology, legal and social aspects of non-accidental injury in children 4 Management of perinatal trauma, growing fractures and penetrating injuries in children 4 Indications for decompressive craniectomy in management of intractable increases in ICP 3 Rehabilitation after mild, moderate and severe head injuries 4 Diagnosis and certification of brain death in children 4 Classification, assessment, investigation and management of paediatric spinal injuries (including SCIWORA)
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment and clinical management of children with head and spinal injuries
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Insertion of ICP monitor4 Insertion of ventriculostomy4 Craniotomy for traumatic intracranial haematoma

3 Repair of depressed skull fracture

Professional Skills Please see the Professional Skills and Behaviour » Final section for these skills

Topic	Paediatric hydrocephalus
Category	Paediatric Neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of paediatric hydrocephalus
Knowledge	 4 The pathophysiology of CSF circulation 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the ventricular system 4 Indications for external ventricular drainage, lumbar CSF drainage and shunting, ventriculo-cisternostomy 4 Indications for VP and VA shunting and 4 Principles of shunt function and selection 4 Surgical complications and their management
Clinical Skills	 4 Assessment of the ill child with hydrocephalus, impaired consciousness and sepsis 4 Differential diagnosis of shunt malfunction 4 Interpretation of CT scans in shunted children
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Insertion, tapping and draining from a CSF reservoir4 External ventricular drainage including externalisation of VP shunts3 Ventriculo-peritoneal shunting

Topic	Intracranial vascular disorders
Category	Paediatric Neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the emergency neurosurgical management of children presenting with intracranial vascular disorders
Knowledge	 4 Epidemiology, natural history, pathophysiology and clinical features of subarachnoid haemorrhage, haemorrhagic stroke and ischaemia stroke in children secondary to intracranial aneurysms, arteriovenous malformations and fistulae, cavernomas, arterial dissection, moya-moya disease and venous sinus thrombosis 4 Surgical and endovascular strategies for the management of acute intracranial vascular disorders in children
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment and clinical management of children presenting with spontaneous intracranial haemorrhage and acute cerebral ischaemia
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Emergency operative management of spontaneous intracerebral hemorrhage

Special Interest Training Stage

Trainees in special interest training will develop a comprehensive and in-depth knowledge of their field. By the end of specialist interest training they will be competent to undertake selected operative procedures relating to the common presentations in their specialist field without direct supervision. They will be competent to undertake other procedures in their field under the mentorship of a senior colleague. The specialist interest summaries indicate the breath and depth of training required in a specialist interest fellowship.

Paediatric neurosurgery

On completion of a special interest fellowship in paediatric neurosurgery trainees will be competent in all aspects of the non-operative neurosurgical management of children presenting with disorders of the nervous system. They will have detailed knowledge of the statutory framework governing the care of children, paediatric neurointensive care, the principles of paediatric neurorehabilitation and of the management of non-accidental injury. They will be competent to undertake all aspects of the emergency neurosurgical operative care of children and to undertake a range of elective procedures in the following fields with appropriate supervision:

- Hydrocephalus: including the insertion and revision of ventriculo-peritoneal, ventriculo-atrial and lumboperitoneal shunts; endoscopic third ventriculostomy; image-guided placement of ventricular catheters; management of neonatal post-haemorrhagic hydrocephalus
- Paediatric neuro-oncology: including stereotactic and image-guided biopsy of paediatric tumours; endoscopic

biopsy of third ventricular tumours; resection of supratentorial and infratentorial intrinsic tumours; approaches to suprasellar, third ventricular and pineal tumours; management of spinal cord tumours

- Paediatric head injury: including decompressive craniectomy; cranioplasty; management of growing fractures; craniofacial reconstruction; management of CSF fistulae
- Spinal dysraphism: including the management of neonatal spina bifida, meningoceles and encephaloceles; spinal cord tethering syndromes
- Congenital and acquired spinal deformity: including the management of syndromic spinal deformity and post-operative spinal deformity
- Craniofacial disorders: including the management of simple craniosynostosis, syndromic craniosynostosis, post-traumatic deformity

Neuro-oncology

All trainees will be competent to manage patients with high grade intrinsic tumours, metastases and convexity meningiomas. Trainees will a special interest in neurooncology will participate fully in the multidisciplinary management of neuro-oncology patients and will be familiar with current developments in molecular neuro-oncology, emerging surgical techniques and the ethical, regulatory and practical considerations governing clinical trials in neurooncology. They will develop additional expertise as follows:

 Advanced surgical techniques: including awake craniotomy; stereotactic craniotomy, intraoperative neurophysiological monitoring; advanced image guidance with integration of functional data; intraoperative imaging techniques; the use of intraoperative chemotherapy wafers; third ventriculostomy

- Low-grade intrinsic tumours: the management of low grade intrinsic tumours using advanced techniques; optimal resection of lobar low grade intrinsic tumours
- Tumours of the ventricular system and pineal: including surgical approaches to the third ventricle and pineal; transfrontal transventricular excision of intraventricular tumours and cysts; transcallosal transventricular excision of lesions of the third ventricle and foramen of Munro
- Brainstem tumours: including the management options for intrinsic brainstem tumours; stereotactic biopsy of accessible lesions
- Radiosurgery and stereotactic radiotherapy: including the principles of radiosurgery and stereotactic radiotherapy and the indications for their use as adjunctive and/or primary treatment modalities.

Functional neurosurgery

Trainees with a special interest in functional neurosurgery will develop additional expertise as follows:

- Surgical management of pain: including the implantation of spinal cord stimulators; the insertion of intrathecal drug delivery systems; knowledge of ablative surgical treatment for pain including DREZ lesioning, cordotomy and myelotomy and of neuromodulatory techniques including peripheral nerve, motor cortex and deep brain stimulation.
- Neurovascular compression syndromes: including microvascular decompression of the trigeminal nerve; microvascular decompression of the facial nerve; percutaneous trigeminal rhizotomy
- Spasticity: including an in-depth understanding of medical and surgical treatments for spasticity; implantation of intrathecal drug delivery systems;

knowledge of other surgical treatments for spasticity including phenol blocks, neurectomies and rhizotomy.

- Epilepsy: including the multidisciplinary assessment and preparation of patients for epilepsy surgery; stereotactic placement of depth electrodes and placement of subdural electrode grids; temporal lobectomy; selective amygdalohippocampectomy; callosotomy; insertion of vagal nerve stimulators; hemispherectomy; multiple subpial transections
- Movement disorders: including the multidisciplinary assessment and selection of patients with movement disorders e.g. Parkinsons's disease and dystonia; selection, targeting and placement of deep brain stimulation electrodes; management of neurostimulators; radiofrequency lesioning

Neurovascular surgery

Special interest training will take place in units with extensive experience in the multi-disciplinary management of all common intracranial vascular disorders. These units should manage a minimum of 120 aneurysmal subarachnoid haemorrhages a year. Trainees with a special interest in neurovascular surgery will develop additional expertise in:

• Intracranial aneurysms: including surgical and endovascular strategies for the management of ruptured and unruptured intracranial aneurysms; surgical treatment of ruptured aneurysms of the anterior circulation; principles of microvascular reconstruction and bypass for complex aneurysms

• Intracranial vascular malformations: including surgical, endovascular and radiosurgical strategies for the management of arteriovenous malformations; surgical treatment of superficial cortical arteriovenous malformations, surgical and endovascular treatment of dural arteriovenous fistulae, imageguided resection of cavernomas

• Other vascular disorders: including the management of primary intracerebral haematomas; the management of venous occlusive disorders

• Acute and chronic cerebral ischaemia: including the medical, surgical and endovascular management of extracranial arterial occlusive disease

Skull-base surgery

Special interest training in skull base surgery will take place in units with extensive multi-disciplinary experience in the management of all common skull-base disorders. Trainees with a special interest in skull-base surgery will develop additional expertise as follows:

- Skull-base and craniofacial surgical access: including standard variations of fronto-basal, fronto-orbital, transzygomatic, infratemporal, transtemporal, far-lateral, transphenoidal and transmaxillary approaches
- Cranial base meningiomas: including resection of anterior fossa (olefactory groove and suprasellar) meningiomas; tentorial and petrous temporal meningiomas; petroclival meningiomas
- Pituitary and sellar tumours: including microsurgical and endoscopic transphenoidal resection of pituitary tumours; pterional, subfrontal, interhemispheric and transventricular approaches to suprasellar tumours
- Acoustic neuromas: including retrosigmoid, translabyrinthine and middle fossa resection of acoustic neuromas
- Other skull-base tumours: including the management of other cranial nerve schwannomas, glomus tumours and

malignant primary and secondary tumours of the skullbase

- Management of cranio-facial trauma: including multidisciplinary management of fronto-orbital disruption
- Repair of CSF fistulae: including the management of post-operative CSF fistulae; indications for endoscopic repair of basal CSF fistula; techniques for open repair and skull-base reconstruction

Spinal surgery

On completion of a special interest fellowship in spinal surgery trainees will be competent in all aspects of the emergency and urgent operative care of patients with spinal disorders. They will develop additional expertise as follows:

- Spinal trauma: including reduction and internal stabilisation of atlanto-axial, sub-axial and thoraco-lumbar fractures and dislocations
- Metastatic disease of the spine: including posterior decompression and stabilisation using pedicle screw, hook and sub-laminar wire constructs; corporectomy and instrumented reconstruction of the anterior column
- Primary tumours of the spine: including techniques for local ablation of benign lesions and en bloc resections of malignant tumours
- Intradural tumours: including the radical resection of intradural, extra-medullary tumours; biopsy and optimal resection of intramedullary tumours
- Syringomyelia and hind brain anomalies: including foramen magnum decompression, syringostomy, syringopleural shunting, detethering and duroplasty
- Advanced surgery of the ageing and degenerative spine: including the management of osteoporotic collapse, vertebroplasty, kyphoplasty; stabilisation of the

osteoporotic spine; operative management degenerative spondylolisthesis and scoliosis

- The rheumatoid and ankylosed spine: including the management of atlanto-axial subluxation; cranial settling and odontoid migration; sub-axial degeneration; cervico-dorsal kyphosis
- Spinal deformity: including the multidisciplinary management of patients with spinal dysraphism, diastematomyelia etc

Click on <u>Workplace Based Assessments</u> to view the assessment forms including DOPS and PBAs

Topics

Topic	Paediatric neurooncology
Category	Paediatric neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of children with tumours of the brain and spinal cord
Knowledge	 4 Epidemiology, natural history and pathology of tumours of the central nervous system in children including medulloblastoma, pilocytic astrocytoma, high grade gliomas, supratentorial PNET, pineal region tumours, brain stem tumours and intramedullary spinal cord tumours 4 Imaging of paediatric CNS tumours 4 Radiological and biochemical staging of tumours 4 Indications for surgery, radiotherapy, primary and adjuvant chemotherapy 4 Goals of surgery 4 Long-term effects of treatment on cognition, hypothalamic-pituitary function and quality of life 3 Availability of clinical (CCLG) trials 3 Management of delayed spinal deformity associated with treatment of spinal cord tumours
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment and clinical management of children with tumours of the central nervous system4 Multidisciplinary approach to treating patients with paediatric brain tumours
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Emergency operative management of a deteriorating child with an intracranial haemorrhage and/or hydrocephalus secondary to tumour 4 Use of CT, MRI, electromagnetic and ultrasound guided localisation of tumours of the brain and spine 4 Stereotactic, image-guided and endoscopic biopsy of intracranial tumours 4 Supratentorial craniotomy for hemispheric tumour 4 Approaches to the suprasellar region: pterional, orbitozygomatic and subfrontal 4 Approaches to the third ventricle: transcortical-transventricular, transcallosal 4 Approaches to the pineal region: endoscopic, supracerebellar, suboccipital

transtentorial

- 4 Midline posterior fossa craniotomy for tumour
- 3 Retrosigmoid approach to tumour presenting in the CP angle
- 3 Laminoplasty approach to spine cord tumours.
- 4 Consent issues in children

Professional Skills 4 Recognition of importance of mentorship in dealing with unfamiliar or complicated exposures and procedures

Торіс	Paediatric head and spinal injury
Category	Paediatric neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in all aspects of the management of accidental and non- accidental paediatric head and spinal injuries.
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology of raised intracranial pressure in children following head injury 4 Prevention and treatment of secondary insults relating to transfer and emergency surgery in head-injured children 4 Medical management and intensive care in paediatric head injury 4 Pathophysiology, legal and social aspects of non-accidental injury in children 4 Management of perinatal trauma, growing fractures and penetrating injuries in children 4 Indications for decompressive craniectomy in management of intractable increases in ICP 3 Rehabilitation after mild, moderate and severe head injuries 4 Diagnosis and certification of brain death in children 4 Classification, assessment, investigation and management of paediatric spinal injuries (including SCIWORA)
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment and clinical management of children with head and spinal injury
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Insertion of ICP monitor 4 Insertion of ventriculostomy 4 Craniotomy for traumatic intracranial haematoma 4 Repair of depressed skull fracture 3 Anterior skull base repair
Professional Skills	Understanding of the legal issues surrounding non-accidental injury Understanding of multi-disciplinary approach to non- accidental injury

Category Sub-category:	Paediatric neurosurgery None To achieve competence in all aspects of the management (operative and non-
Objective	operative) of paediatric patients with hydrocephalus.
Knowledge	 4 Pathophysiology and investigation of abnormal CSF dynamics in hydrocephalus and BIH 4 Indications for third ventriculostomy and for shunt insertion Principles of shunt design and function 4 Antenatal diagnosis of hydrocephalus and its prognosis 4 Medical and ophthalmological treatment options for BIH.
Clinical Skills	 4 Assessment and clinical management of neonates and children presenting with hydrocephalus 4 Assessment and clinical management of neonates and children presenting with shunt malfunction including obstruction, over-drainage and slit ventricle syndrome 4 Interpretation of CT, MRI scans and ultrasound scans
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Insertion of intracranial pressure monitor 4 Insertion of ventricular access device in neonates 4Insertion and revision of ventriculoperitoneal shunt/subduroperitoneal shunt 4 Insertion and revision of ventriculoatrial /ventriculopleural shunt 4 Insertion and revision of lumboperitoneal shunt 4 Endoscopic third ventriculostomy 4 Endoscopic fenestration of loculated ventricles 4 CT, MRI and ultrasound guided ventricular access 4 Management of arachnoid cysts by shunting, open or endoscopic fenestration
Professional Skills	A Antenatal counselling

Topic	Congenital spinal disorders
Category	Paediatric neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in all aspects of the management (operative and non- operative) of children with congenital spinal disorders
Knowledge	 4 Embryogenesis of craniospinal dysraphism 4 Pathophysiology of CSF circulation associated with hindbrain hernia, syringobulbia and syringomyelia 4 Epidemiogy, natural history and clinical features of congenital spinal disorders including dysraphism, tethered cord syndrome, diastematomyelia, Chiari malformations, Klippel-Feil syndrome, achondroplasia, Downs syndrome etc 4 Imaging of the neonatal and growing paediatric spine of children with congenital disorders commonly 4 Antenatal diagnosis of dysraphism and its implications.

Clinical Skills	4 Assessment and clinical management of children presenting with open or closed dysraphic spines and other congenital spinal abnormalities.
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Closure of myelomeningocoele 4 Foramen magnum decompression for hind brain herniation 3 Syringostomy and shunting of syringomyelia Untethering of thickened filum 4 Excision of simple dermal sinus tract 3 Untethering and resection of bony spur in diastematomyelia 3 Untethering of lipomyelomeningocoele 2 Instrumented stabilization and fusion in the treatment of congenital spinal disorders
Professional Skills	4 Consent issues in children 4 Collaborative multidisciplinary approach, particularly with orthopaedic surgery

Topic	Craniofacial disorders
Category	Paediatric neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in all aspects of the management (operative and non- operative) of children with simple craniosynostosis and cranial deformity after trauma or tumour To understand the management of children with syndromic craniosynostosis and encephalocoeles
Knowledge	 4 Advances in the genetic understanding of craniofacial conditions 4 Epidemiology, natural history and clinical features of simple and syndromic craniosynostosis including cosmetic, cognitive and ophthalmological complications 4 Imaging of simple and syndromic craniosynostosis 4 Indication for and timing of surgical interventions 4 Understanding of causes and management of positional plagiocephaly 4 Epidemiology, natural history, and clinical features of common skull vault conditions including eosinophilic granuloma, fibrous dysplasia etc
Clinical Skills	 4 Management of ophthalmic and airway emergencies in syndromic craniosynostosis 4 Neurosurgical contribution to the multi-disciplinary management of children with craniofacial abnormalities
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Cranioplasty using autologous, titanium or acrylic implants 4 Surgical management of non-syndromic single suture synostosis (in the context of a multidisciplinary team)
Professional Skills	4 Consent issues children 4 Liaison with supraregional centres for designated cases.

Topic Category Sub-category:	Paediatric epilepsy Paediatric neurosurgery None
Objective	<i>To understand the management of paediatric epilepsy and the assessment of children for epilepsy surgery</i>
Knowledge	 4 Classification, epidemiology, natural history and clinical features of epilepsy in childhood 4 Clinical, encephalographic, videotelemetric and radiological assessment of children entering a surgical program 4 Indications for, prognosis and complications of VNS, disconnection procedures and temporal lobe surgery
Clinical Skills	4 Treatment of status epilepticus4 Neurosurgical contribution to the multidisciplinary assessment and clinical management of children in preparation for and undergoing epilepsy surgery
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Cortical lesionectomy 3 VNS insertion/revision 2 Invasive EEG recording by grid and depth electrode placement 2 Surgery for temoral lobe epilepsy 2 Non-temporal lobe resections 2 Disconnection procedures

Professional Skills 4 Consent in children

Торіс	Intracranial vascular disorders
Category	Paediatric neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the neurosurgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of children presenting with intracranial vascular disorders
Knowledge	 4 Epidemiology, natural history, pathophysiology and clinical features of subarachnoid haemorrhage, haemorrhagic stroke and ischaemia stroke in children secondary to intracranial aneurysms, arteriovenous malformations and fistulae, cavernomas, arterial dissection, moya-moya disease and venous sinus thrombosis 4 Surgical, endovascular and radiosurgical strategies for the management of intracranial vascular disorders in children
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment and clinical management of children presenting with spontaneous intracranial haemorrhage, acute cerebral ischaemia and chronic cerebral ischaemia
Technical Skills	4 Emergency operative management of spontaneous intracerebral hemorrhage

and Procedures 3 Resection of superficial vascular malformations and cavernomas **Professional Skills** 4 Consent issues in children

Topic Category Sub-category:	Spasticity and movement disorders Paediatric neurosurgery None
Objective	To understand the principles of surgical management of spasticity and movement disorders in children
Knowledge	 3 Clinical presentations of spasticity and other movement disorders in childhood 3 Multi-disciplinary assessment of children entering a surgical program 3 The indications for, prognosis and complications of intrathecal baclofen therapy, dorsal rhizotomy and deep brain stimulation in the management of spasticity and dystonia 2 Awareness of indications for CNS modulating procedures in the management of pain and convulsive disorders
Clinical Skills	4 Neurosurgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary assessment and management of children with spasticity and movement disorders
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Baclofen pump insertion, assessment of function and revision3 Laminotomy for selective dorsal rhizotomy3 Removal/revision of pulse generator units

Professional Skills 4 Consent in children

Торіс	Advanced surgical techniques
Category	Neuro-oncology
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the application of advanced surgical techniques to the management of patients with brain tumours
Knowledge	4 Indications for; applications of; advantages and disadvantages of various advanced surgical approaches and adjuncts
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients undergoing neuro-oncological surgery4 Selection of appropriate advanced techniques based on clinical and imaging information
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Stereotactic craniotomy 4 Advanced image guidance techniques 4 Use of intraoperative chemotherapy wafers 3 Third ventriculostomy 2 Awake craniotomy

2 Intraoperative neurophysiological monitoring

Topic	Low-grade intrinsic tumours
Category	Neuro-oncology
Sub-category:	None
Objective	Achieve competence in the surgical and clinical management of low grade intrinsic tumours
Knowledge	4 Epidemiology, natural history, genetic characteristics, pathology and clinical features of low grade intrinsic cerebral tumours4 Surgical and non-surgical management options for low grade intrinsic tumours
Clinical Skills	 4 Interpretation of CT, MRI and functional imaging in patients with low grade intrinsic tumours 4 Assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with low grade intrinsic tumours 4 Continuing management of patients with low grade intrinsic tumours within a multidisciplinary team setting
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Craniotomy for lobar low grade intrinsic tumours using appropriately selected advanced surgical techniques
Professional Skills	Generic

Topic	Tumours of the ventricular system and pineal
Category	Neuro-oncology
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of patients with intraventricular and pineal region tumours.
Knowledge	 4 Epidemiology, natural history, genetic characteristics, pathology and clinical features of intraventricular and pineal region tumours Radiological and biochemical staging 4 Surgical and non-surgical management options for low grade intrinsic tumours 4 Surgical anatomy relevant to approaches to the lateral and third ventricles and the pineal region
Clinical Skills	4 Counselling of patients regarding surgical treatment options for pineal and intraventricular tumours4 Choice of operative approaches based on tumour location and imaging
Technical Skills and Procedures	 3 Transcallosal and transcortical approaches to ventricular tumours 3 Microsurgical resection of lateral intraventricular tumour 2 Microsurgical resection of third ventricular tumour/colloid cyst

- 3 Transfrontal endoscopic biopsy and third ventriculostomy
- 2 Supracerebellar infratentorial approaches to the pineal2 Occipital transtentorial approaches to the pineal

Торіс	Brainstem tumours
Category	Neuro-oncology
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multidisciplinary management of patients with intrinsic brainstem tumours
Knowledge	 4 Epidemiology, natural history, genetic characteristics, pathology and clinical features of brain stem tumours 4 Management options for patient with brainstem tumours including open surgery, biopsy and radiotherapy
Clinical Skills	4 Selection of open surgery and stereotactic biopsy for patients with brainstem lesions
Technical Skills and Procedures Professional Skills	4 Stereotactic biopsy of brainstem lesions 1 Open resection of exophytic brainstem tumours 5 Generic

Topic	Radiosurgery and stereotactic radiotherapy
Category	Neuro-oncology
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the neurosurgical aspects of the multidisciplinary management of patients undergoing radiosurgery and stereotactic radiotherapy
Knowledge	4 The principles of radiosurgery and stereotactic radiotherapy4 The indications for their use as adjunctive and/or primary treatment modalities
Clinical Skills	 4 Assessment of the suitability of these techniques for the treatment of metastatic and intrinsic tumours based on clinical presentation and imaging appearances 4 Counselling potential patients on the role of these techniques in tumour treatment
Technical Skills and Procedures	3 Application of stereotactic frames for radiosurgical treatment
Professional Skills	s None

Торіс	Surgical management of pain
Category	Functional Neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of patients with chronic pain syndromes
Knowledge	 4 The aetiology and pathophysiology of chronic pain syndromes 4 Indications for medical, minimally-invasive and surgical management 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 Surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary assessment of chronic pain patients Pre-operative counselling and preparation
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Spinal cord stimulation 2 DREZ lesion 2 Open cordotomy 2 Deep brain stimulation for pain
Professional Skills	Generic

Topic	Neurovascular compression syndromes
Category	Functional Neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve advanced competence in the surgical aspects of the multi- disciplinary management of patients with neurovascular compression syndromes
Knowledge	 4 Aetiology, epidemiology and natural history of trigeminal neuralgia, and glossopharyngeal neuralgia 4 Differential diagnosis and management of related cranio-facial pain syndromes 4 Medical management of cranio-facial pain 4 Surface anatomy of the trigeminal nerve and microsurgical anatomy of the CP angle 4 Indications for surgical management of trigeminal and glossopharyngeal neuralgia by peripheral neurectomy, percutaneous rhizotomy, radiofrequency rhizotomy, microvascular decompression 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	 4 The assessment, counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with trigeminal neuralgia 4 Interpretation of posterior fossa CT an MR and scans including MR sequences demonstrating neurovascular compression 4 Application and interpretation of intraoperative monitoring techniques
Technical Skills	3 Percutaneous trigeminal rhizotomy

and Procedures 4 Trigeminal microvascular decompression Professional Skills Generic

Topic	Spasticity
Category	Functional Neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	4 To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of patients with spasticity
Knowledge	 4 The aetiology and pathophysiology of spasticity 4 Indications for medical, minimally-invasive and surgical management 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 Surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary assessment of patients with spasticity4 Pre-operative counselling and preparation
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Intrathecal drug delivery 3 Deep brain stimulation
Professional Skills	s Generic

Торіс	Epilepsy
Category	Functional Neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	<i>To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of patients with epilepsy</i>
Knowledge	 4 The pathophysiology of idiopathic and lesional epepilepsy 4 Indications for medical and surgical management 3 Principles of ictal, interictal, sphenoidal and intraoperative EEG 3 Principles of video-EEG monitoring 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 Surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary assessment of epilepsy patients4 Interpretation of CT, MRI and SPECT scans4 Pre-operative counselling and preparation
Technical Skills and Procedures	 2 Stereotactic placement of depth electrodes 3 Placement of subdural electrode-grids 3 Image-guided resection of cortical lesions 3 Mesial temporal resection 3 Vagal nerve stimulation 1 Functional hemispherectomy 2 Corpus callosotomy

Topic	Movement disorders
Category	Functional Neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of patients with movement disorders
Knowledge	 4 The aetiology and pathophysiology of movement disorders 4 Indications for medical, minimally-invasive and surgical management 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Complications of surgery and their management
Clinical Skills	4 Surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary assessment of patients with movement disorders4 Interpretation of CT and MRI scans4 Pre-operative counselling and preparation
Technical Skills and Procedures Professional Skills	3 Microvascular decompression for hemi-facial spasm

Topic	Surgery for mental illness
Category	Functional Neurosurgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To be familiar with current surgical treatment options for treatment resistant mental illness and in particular depression and obsessive compulsive disorder
Knowledge	3 Indications for surgical treatment of mental illness3 Ethical and regulatory aspects of surgical treatment of mental illness3 Surgical targets
Clinical Skills	None
Technical Skills and Procedures	None
Professional Skills	Generic

Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of patients with intracranial aneurysms
Knowledge	 4 The epidemiology, natural history, aetiology and pathophysiology of unruptured and ruptured intracranial aneurysms 4 Vascular anatomy of the central nervous system 4 Indications for surgical and endovascular treatment of intracranial aneurysms 4 The principles of endovascular treatment 4 Indications for intra and extracranial bypass in the management of complex aneurysms
Clinical Skills	4 Clinical assessment and management of patients with ruptured and unruptured intracranial aneurysms
and Procedures	 4 Pterional approach 3 Interhemispheric approaches 3 Temporo-zygomatic and related approaches 2 Exposure of the basilar termination 2 Exposure of the vertebral artery and PICA 3 Clipping of saccular anterior circulation aneurysm 2 Clipping of complex anterior circulation aneurysm 3 Harvest of saphenous vein and radial artery grafts
Drofossional Skills	Generic

Topic	Intracranial arteriovenous malformations
Category	Neurovascular surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of intracranial arteriovenous malformations (AVMs)
Knowledge	 4 The epidemiology, classification, natural history, embryogenesis and pathophysiology of AVMs of the brain 4 The indications for surgical, radiosurgical and endovascular treatment of asymptomatic, symptomatic and ruptured brain AVMs
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment and clinical management of patients undergoing treatment of AVMs of the brain
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Evacuation of intracerebral haematoma associated with an AVM 3 Microsurgical resection of superficial cortical AVM 2 Microsurgical resection of paraventricular and posterior fossa AVM

Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of intracranial dural arteriovenous fistulae (dAVFs)
Knowledge	 4 Applied anatomy of the cerebral venous circulation 4 The epidemiology, classification, natural history, pathogenesis and pathophysiology of intracranial dAVFs 4 The indications for surgical and endovascular treatment of asymptomatic, symptomatic and ruptured intracranial dAVFs
Clinical Skills	4 The assessment and clinical management of patients undergoing treatment of intracranial dAVFs
Technical Skills and Procedures	2 Exploration and closure of supratentorial dAFV
Professional Skills	Generic

Topic	Cerebral ischaemia
Category	Neurovascular surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the surgical aspects of the management of patients with acute and chronic cerebral ischaemia
Knowledge	 4 The epidemiology, natural history and pathophysiology of extra- and intracranial atherosclerotic occlusive disease 4 The epidemiology, natural history and pathophysiology of non-atherosclerotic occlusive diseases 3 Optimal medical management of occlusive and thrombo-embolic cerebrovascular disease 4 Imaging of the acutely ischaemic brain using CT and MRI 3 Principles of non-invasive and invasive imaging of the extra and intracranial vasculature using ultrasound, transcranial Doppler, CT, MRI and catheter angiography Principles of regional cerebral blood flow and metabolism measurement and imaging using CT and MRI perfusion techniques; SPECT and PET scanning 4 Indications for endovascular intervention including intra-arterial thrombolysis; carotid angioplasty and stenting; intracranial angioplasty 4 Principles of cerebral revascularisation by indirect synangiosis, low-flow EC-
Clinical Skills	IC anastomosis and high flow EC-IC bypass grafting 4 The assessment and clinical management of patients with acute and chronic cerebral ischaemia
Technical Skills and Procedures	1 58
Drofossional Skills	Conorio

Topic	Cranial base meningiomas
Category	Skull-base surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the neurosurgical aspects of the multidisciplinary management of cranial base meningiomas
Knowledge	 4 Epidemiology, natural history, pathology and clinical presentation of meningiomas of the anterior, middle and posterior fossae 4 Indications for radical or subtotal resection of skull-base meningiomas 4 Indications for radiosurgical treatment 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the skull base and craniofacial skeleton 4 Selection of optimal approaches in relation presenting pathology and imaging
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment and clinical management of patients with skull base meningiomas
	 4 Anterior interhemispheric, fronto-orbital, zygomatic and temporo-zygomatic approaches 4 Resection of anterior fossa meningioma: olefactory, planum sphenoidale and outer sphenoid wing 3 Resection of clinoidal and suprasellar meningioma Resection of occipital, lateral petrosal and tentorial meningioma 2 Resection of cavernous sinus and petroclival meningioma

Professional Skills None

Topic	Pituitary and sellar region tumours
Category	Skull-base surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of patients with pituitary and sellar region tumours
Knowledge	 4 Classification, epidemiology, natural history, pathology and clinical presentation of tumours of the pituitary and sellar region 4 Pathophysiology of the hypothalamic-pituitary axis 4 Investigation of the hypothalmic pituitary axis in patients with hypopituitarism and hypersecretion syndromes 4 Indications for surgery, radiosurgery and adjuvant radiotherapy 4 Selection of surgical approaches: sublabial, transnasal and endoscopic 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the skull base 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery and their management

Clinical Skills	4 Peri-operative management of patients with established and threatened dysfunction of the hypothalamic-pituitary axis4 Neurosurgical aspects of the continuing care of patients with pituitary tumours
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Transphenoidal exposure of the pituitary fossa (microsurgical transnasal or sublabial)4 Transphenoidal resection of non-functioning macroadenoma 3 Transphenoidal selective microadenectomy 2 Endoscopic transphenoidal resection of non-functioning adenoma 3 Pterional craniotomy and microsurgical decompression of optic nerves and chiasm

Topic	Acoustic neuromas
Category	Skull-base surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the neurosurgical aspects of the multidisciplinary management of patients with acoustic neuromas
Knowledge	 4 Epidemiology, natural history, pathology and clinical presentation of sporadic and NFII-related acoustic neuromas4 Relative indications for surgery, radiosurgery and conservative management 4 Principles of intra-operative facial nerve and BAEP monitoring 4 Applied microsurgical anatomy of the CP angle, brainstem and lower cranial nerves 4 Relative indications for retrosigmoid, middle fossa, and translabyrinthine approaches with respect to hearing preservation, tumour size and position
Clinical Skills	4 Neurosurgical aspects of the assessment and clinical management of patients undergoing acoustic neuroma surgery
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Retrosigmoid approach 3 Retrosigmoid subtotal resection of acoustic neuroma 2 Retrosigmoid radical resection 2 Translabyrinthine resection of acoutic tumour
Professional Skills	4 Multidisciplinary working with neuro-otologists and oncologists 3 Role of hearing therapy

Topic	Other skull-base tumours
Category	Skull-base surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the neurosurgical aspects of the multidisciplinary management of patients with benign and malignant cranial base tumours

Knowledge	 4 Epidemiology, natural history, pathology and clinical presentation of benign and malignant tumours of the skull base including cranial nerve schwannomas, chordomas, paragangliomas, adenoid cystic carcinomas, angiofibromas and nasopharyngeal carcinomas 4 Indications for radical or subtotal resection of skull-base tumours 4 Indications for radiosurgical treatment 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the skull base and craniofacial skeleton 4 Selection of optimal approaches in relation presenting pathology and imaging
Clinical Skills	4 Neurosurgical aspects of the mutidisciplinary assessment and clinical management of patients with rarer skull base tumours
Technical Skills and Procedures	 3 Frontobasal approaches to the anterior fossa and orbito-ethmoidal complex 2 Transfacial and mid-face approaches to the skull base 2 Lateral approaches to the infratemporal fossa and pterygo-palatine fossa 2 Transtemporal approaches to the jugular bulb and petrous apex
Professional Skills	4 Multidisciplinary working with neurotologists, maxillofacial surgeons and oncologists

Topic	Craniofacial repair
Category	Skull-base surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the repair of skull base defects and the closure of CSF fistulae
Knowledge	 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the cranial base floor and paranasal sinus 4 Indications for open surgical and endoscopic repair of spontaneous, post-traumatic and post-surgical skull base defects and CSF fistulae 4 Principles of simple, pedicled and free vascularised tissue transfer
Clinical Skills	4 Neurosurgical aspects of the multi-disciplinary management of patients with skull base defects
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Use of simple autologous grafts and substitutes (fascia, pericranium, fat etc) in closing small defects 4 Use of vascularised pericranial, temporalis muscle and galeal flaps for major defects 1 Endoscopic repair of anterior fossa defects 1 Free vascularised flap reconstruction following major cranio-facial resections
Professional Skills	4 Multi-disciplinary working with neurotologists and plastic surgeons

Knowledge	of the cervical and thoracolumbar spine 4 Pathophysiology of spinal cord injury 4 Classification of cervical and thoracolumbar fracture dislocations 4 Biomechanics of spinal instability 4 Indications for halo traction and external stabilisation 4 Indications for and principles of open reduction and stabilisation 4 Applied surgical anatomy of cervical and thoracolumbar fracture- subluxations 4 Relative indications for operative reduction and stabilisation by anterior and posterior approaches Management of post-traumatic spinal deformity and delayed sequelae
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment and clinical management of patients with spinal injuries
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Application of halo-body jacket 3 Posterior reduction of thoracolumbar fractures by pedicle screw instrumentation and ligamentotaxis 2 Combined anterior and posterior reduction and instrumented stabilisation of thoracolumbar fractures

Topic	Metastatic spinal disease
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of patients with malignant secondary spinal cord compression
Knowledge	 4 The pathophysiology of spinal cord compression 4 The classification, aetiology and natural history of vertebral metastases 4 Spinal instability associated with vertebral malignancy 4 Indications for percutanous and open spinal biopsy 4 Role of primary radiotherapy and adjuvant radiotherapy or chemotherapy 4 Indications for spinal decompression with and without instrumented spinal stabilisation
Clinical Skills	 4 Clinical assessment of patients with malignant spinal cord compression 4 Interpretation of plain radiology, CT and MRI scans 4 Liaison with medical oncologists and radiotherapist 4 Counselling and pre-operative preparation of patients with malignant spinal cord compression
	 4 Decompressive thoracic and lumbar laminectomy with extradural tumour resection and pedicle screw stabilisation 4 Anterior cervical corporectomy with anterior column re-construction and anterior cervical plating

- 3 Cervical lateral mass stabilisation
- 2 Posterior corporectomy with anterior column replacement and posterior stabilisation
- 2 Combined anterior and posterior total vertebrectomy with stabilisation

Topic	Primary spinal tumours
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	No content
Knowledge	No content
Clinical Skills	No content
Technical Skills and Procedures	No content
Professional Skills	No content

Topic	Intradural tumours
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of patients with intradural spinal tumours
Knowledge	 4 Classification, epidemiology, natural history and pathology of intradural spinal tumours 4 Pathophysiology of spinal cord compression 4 Indications for biopsy, subtotal and radical surgery 4 Selection of surgical approaches 4 Applied surgical anatomy 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery and their management 4 Role of adjuvant treatment
Clinical Skills	None
Technical Skills and Procedures	 4 Microsurgical excision of intradural extramedullary tumours 3 Microsurgical biopsy of intramedullary spinal cord tumour 3 Subtotal microsurgical resection of intramedullary tumour 4 Duroplasty
Professional Skills	s Generic

Topic	Syringomyelia and hind brain anomalies
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of craniocervical stenosis and hindbrain herniation
Knowledge	 4 The pathogenesis and natural history of hindbrain herniation, craniocervical stenosis, syringomyelia and syringobulbia 4 Indications for foramen magnum decompression 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the craniocervical junction 4 Selection of surgical approaches 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment and clinical management of patients with hindbrain herniation and syringomyelia
Technical Skills and Procedures	4 Foramen magnum decompression 3 Syringostomy and syringo-pleural shunting
Professional Skills	s Generic

Торіс	Advanced surgery of the ageing and degenerative spine
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the advanced surgery of the ageing and degenerative spine
Knowledge	 4 Techniques for operative stabilization of the osteoporotic spine 4 Principles of surgery for degenerative scoliosis 4 Biomechanical principles of and indications for cervical and lumbar disc replacement 4 Biomechanical principles of and indications for non-fusion spinal stabilisation 3 Indications for, techniques and complications of vertebroplasty and Kyphoplasty 2 Principles of thoracoscopic and laparoscopic surgical techniques
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment and clinical management of patients with degenerative spinal disorders
Technical Skills and Procedures	 3 Pedicle screw instrumentation of the thoracic and lumbar spine 3 Lumbar interbody fusion by posterior(PLIF) and postero-lateral (TLIF) fusion 2 Lumbar anterior interbody fusion 3 Single and multi-level cervical corporectomy with anterior cervical plating

- 3 Anterior cervical discectomy and cervical arthroplasty
- 3 Cervical laminectomy with lateral mass and/or pedicle screw stabilisation
- 3 Cervical laminoplasty
- 3 Postero-lateral thoracic discectomy
- 2 Anterior (transthoracic) discectomy
- 1 Thoracoscopic techniques

Торіс	Surgery of the rheumatoid spine
Category	Spinal Surgery
Sub-category:	None
Objective	To achieve competence in the management of rheumatoid atlanto-axial subluxation, cranial settling and related disorders
Knowledge	 4 The pathology and natural history of rheumatoid spondylopathy 4 Indications for operative management of atlanto-axial subluxation, cranial settling and related disorders 4 Applied surgical anatomy of the craniocervical junction 4 Selection of surgical approaches 4 Principles of peri-operative care 4 Complications of surgery
Clinical Skills	4 Assessment and clinical management of patients with spinal complications of rheumatoid arthritis
Technical Skills and Procedures	 3 Atlanto-axial wiring for reducible atlanto-axial subluxation 3 Atlantoaxial stabilisation using transarticular screws or pedicle and lateral mass screws and rods 3 Instrumented atlanto-occipital fusion 2 Transoral odontoidectomy